
Scope and extend of data

COMP 102

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Places: variables vs fields

- Two kinds of places to store information:
- Variables (including parameters)
 - defined inside a method
 - temporary – information is lost when worksheet is finished
 - new place created every time method is called (each worksheet)
 - only accessible from inside the method.
- Fields
 - defined inside a class, but not inside a method
 - long term – information lasts as long as the object
 - new place created for each object
 - accessible from all methods in the class, and from constructor.

Extent and scope

- A place with a value must be accessible to some code at some time.
- **Extent:** how long it will be accessible
 - local variables (and parameters) in methods have a limited extent
 - ⇒ only until the end of the current invocation of the method
 - fields have indefinite extent
 - ⇒ as long as the object exists
- **Scope:** what parts of the code can access it
 - Full scope rules are more complicated
 - local variables: accessible only to statements
 - after the declaration
 - inside the block { ... } containing the declaration
 - fields: at least visible to the containing class; maybe further.

Scope of variables

//read info from file and display

```

while (scan.hasNext() ){
    String ans = scan.next();
    if ( ans.equals("flower") ) {
        Color center = Color.red;
        int diam = 30;
    }
    else if (ans.equals("bud") ) {
        Color center = Color.green;
        int diam = 15;
    }
    :
    UI.setColor(center);
    UI.fillOval(x, y, diam, diam);
    :
}

```

different variables!

Out of scope

```

while (scan.hasNext() ){
    String ans = scan.next();
    Color center;
    int diam;
    if ( ans.equals("flower") ) {
        center = Color.red;
        diam = 15;
    }
    else if (ans.equals("bud") ) {
        center = Color.blue;
        diam = 30;
    }
    :
    UI.setColor(center);
    UI.fillOval(x, y, diam, diam);
    :
}

```

may not be initialised

How do you fix it?

Fields: scope, visibility, encapsulation

- Fields are accessible to all code in all the (ordinary) methods in the class.
- Should they be accessible to methods in other classes?
 - ⇒ **visibility**: **public** or **private**
 - **public** means that methods in other classes can access the fields
cfg1.figX = 30 in the **CartoonStory** class would be OK
 - **private** means that methods in other classes **cannot** access the fields
cfg1.figX = 30 in the **CartoonStory** class would be an error.

The principle of encapsulation says

- Keep fields private.
- Provide methods to access and modify the fields, if necessary