Fundamentals of Artificial Intelligence



COMP307/AIML420 Tutorial 2: kNN and DTs

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Some questions

1. Will supplying the .py file suffice or do I need to supply a .exe file generated from the .py file?

- 2. Should we use k-fold CV or other evaluation?
- 3. Extra points for COMP307 if you solve AIML420 questions?
- 4. Should normalise both train and test datasets?

4. Can I use libraries for reading, storing and accessing data (e.g. accessing particular indexes, splitting, ...)?

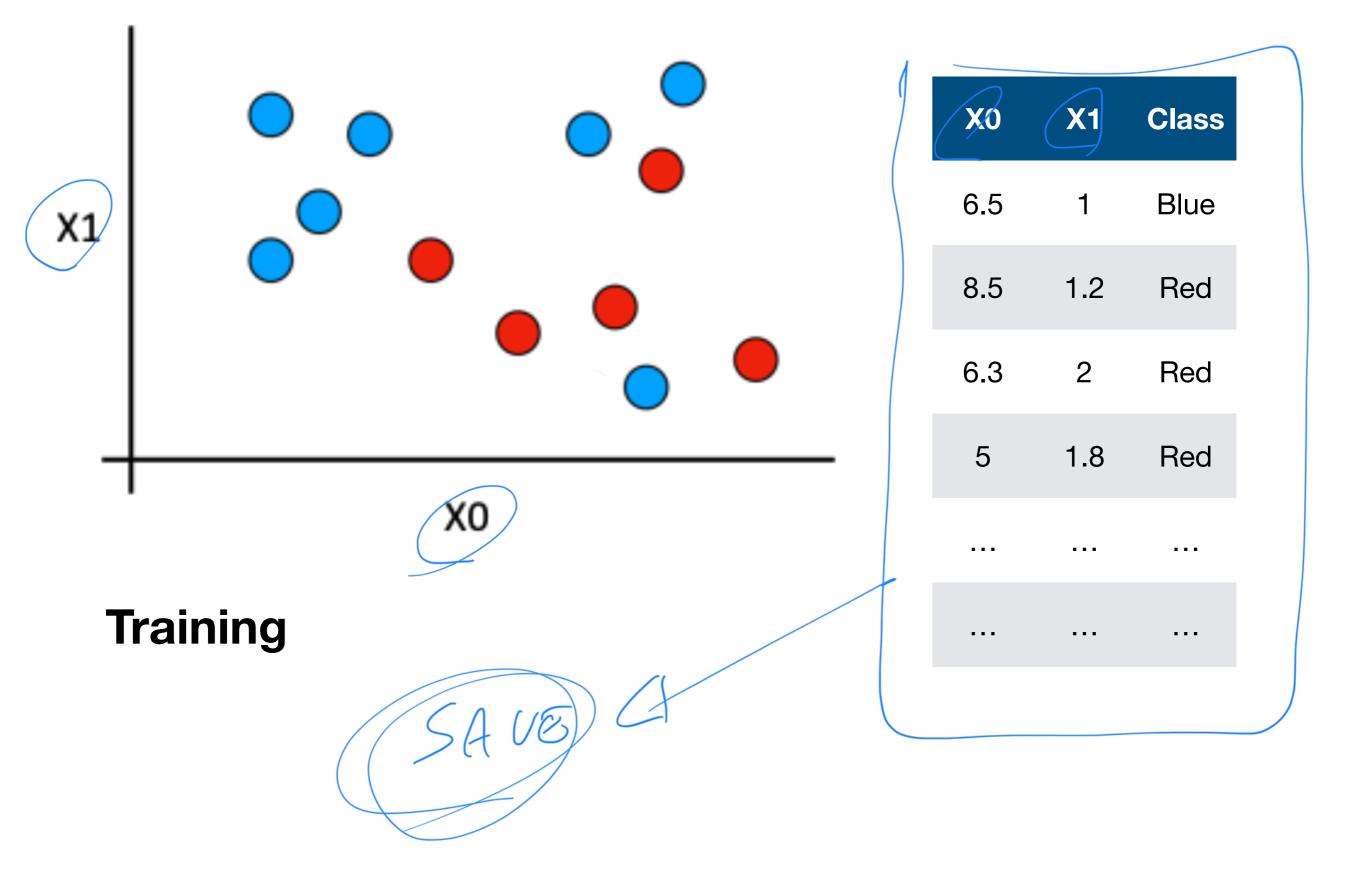
5. How do I organise my code?

6. When asked to calculate the accuracy of the training set, should modify the implementation?

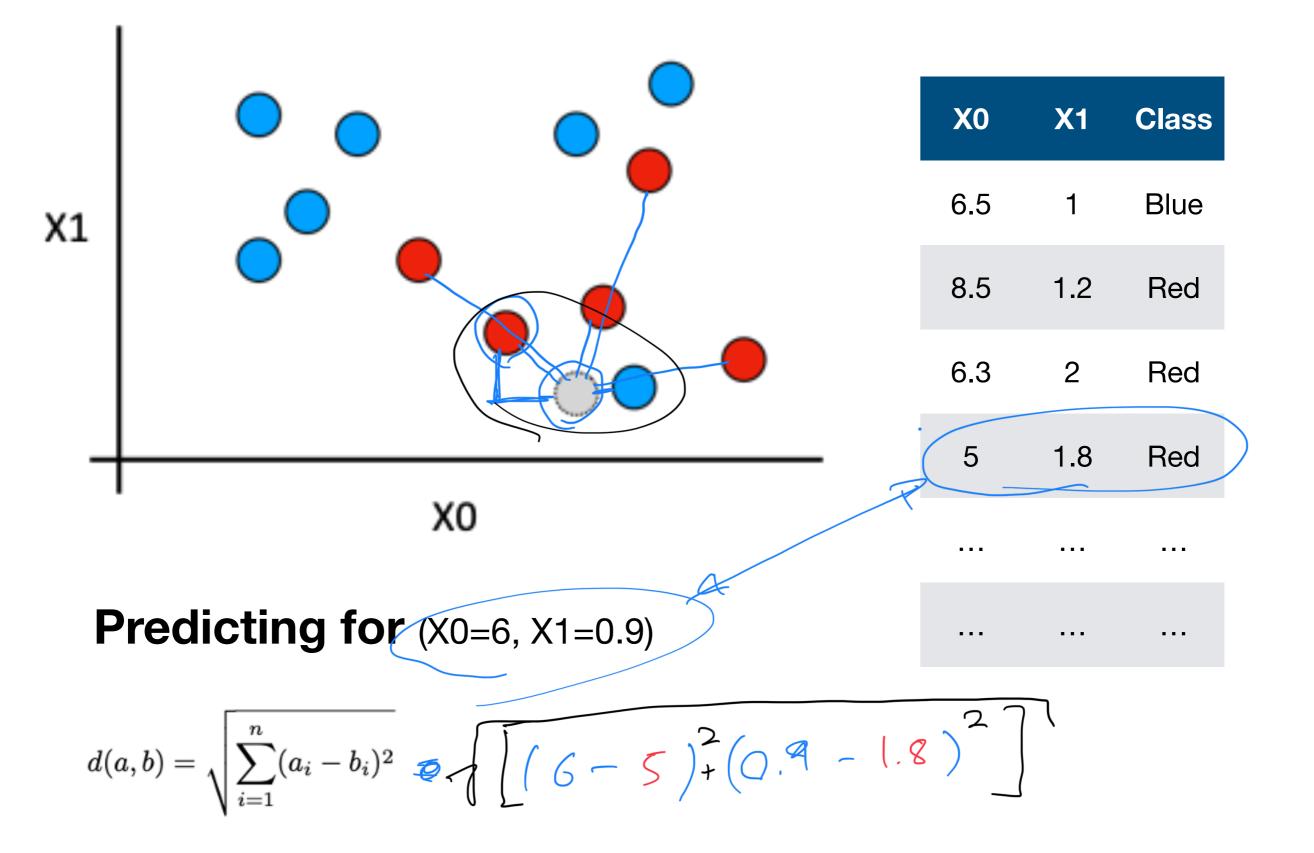
7. How much details in the README?

8. Do we need to compute the Gini-index as well? in addition to the entropy and information gain

kNN practice



kNN practice



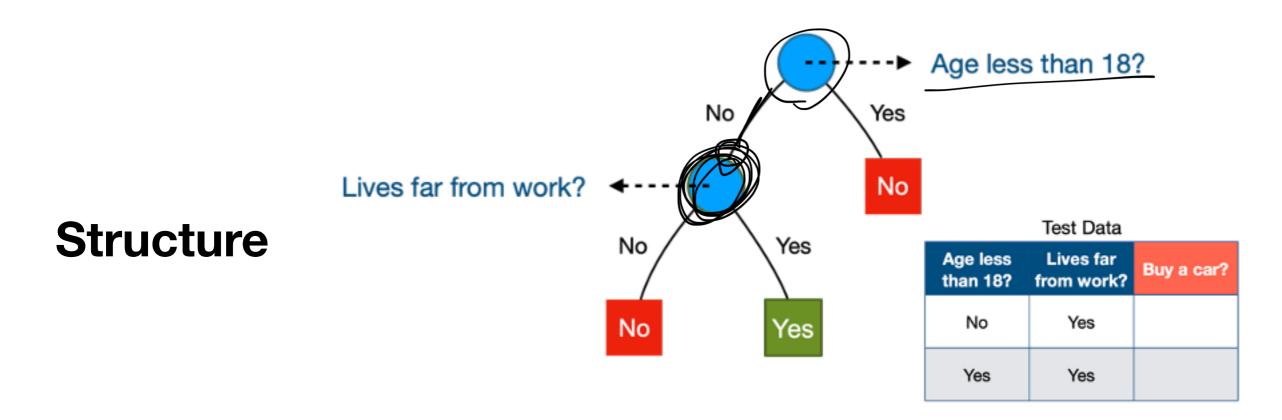
Preprocessing a dataset?

Example: min-max normalisation

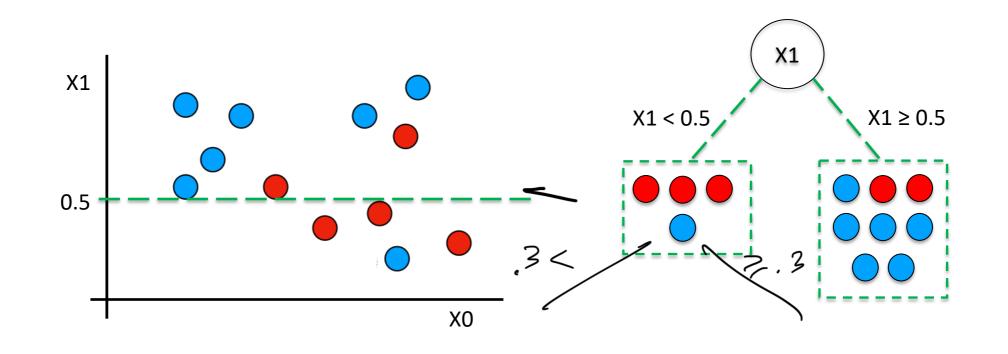
IMPORTANT: learn on the training data, only apply on the test data

	(\downarrow				_	iest	
	XO		X1	Class		X 0	X1	Class
$x' = \frac{x - x_{min}}{x_{max} - x_{min}}$	6.5		1	Blue		6	0.9	Blue
	8.5		1.2	Red		4.5	3.14	Red
	6.3		2	Red		2.4	1	Red
	5		1.8	Red				
thair					\sim	$\sqrt{2}$		
Xomax train Xomin					× ×	$1 M A \times 100 $ 1 M M M		

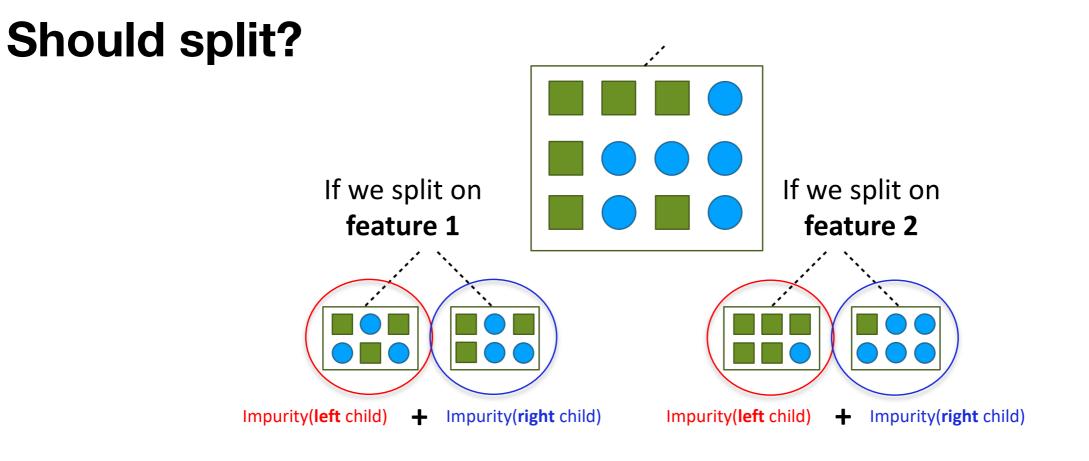
Decision trees



Dividing the space



Impurity & Splitting



Impurity measures

Entropy:
$$H = -\sum_{i=1}^{c} P(i) \cdot \log_2(P(i))$$

$$IG(F) = H(P) - \sum_{l=1}^{k} \left(\frac{N_l}{N_P}\right) \cdot H(l)$$

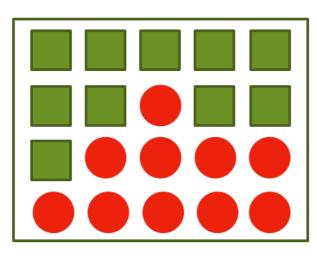
Gini Gain?

$$GG(F) = G(P) - \stackrel{k}{\leq} \left(\frac{N_L}{N_P} \right) G(L)$$

L=1

Gini Impurity: $G = 1 - \sum P(i)^2$

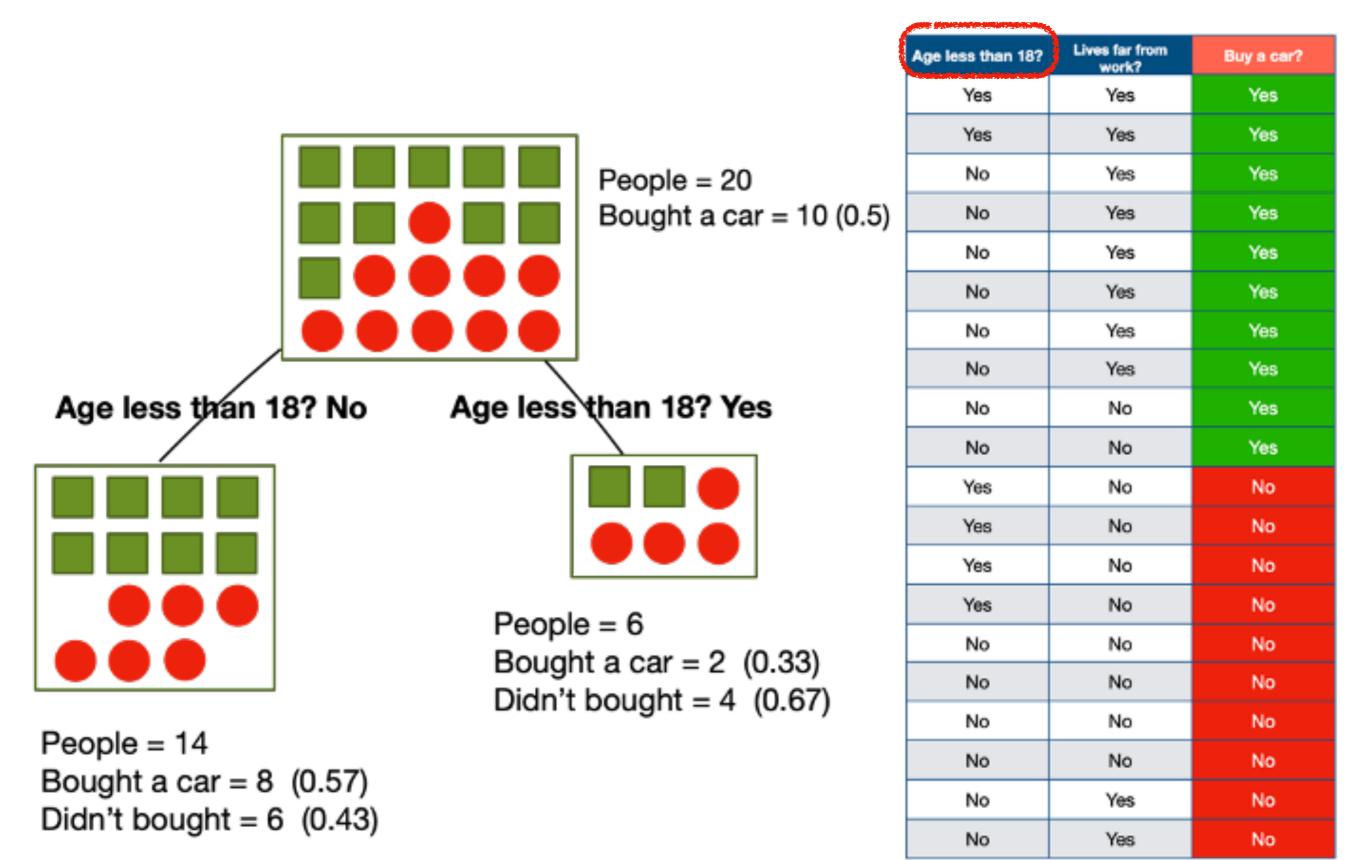
Gini Gain



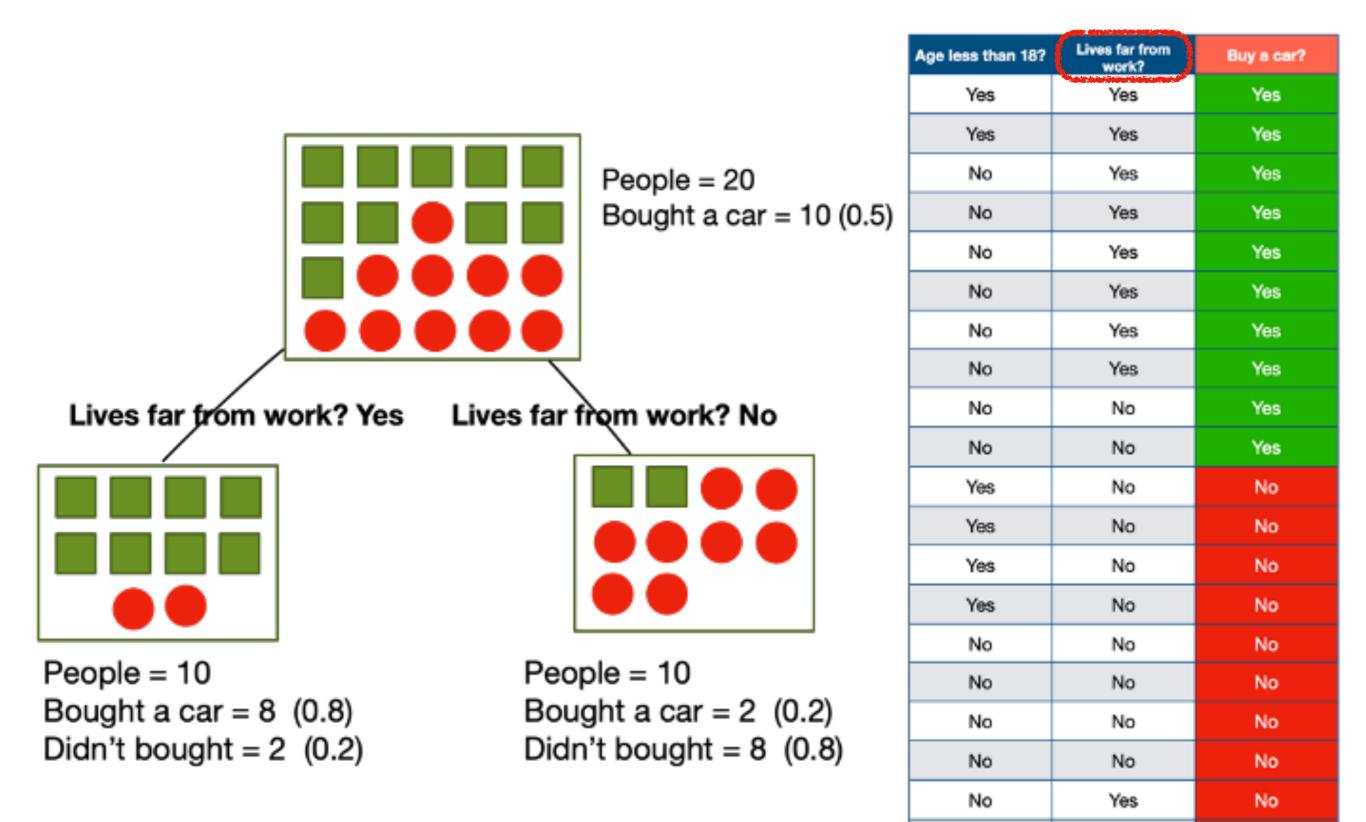
People = 20 Bought a car = 10 (0.5)

Age less than 18?	Lives far from work?	Buy a car?		
Yes	Yes	Yes		
Yes	Yes	Yes		
No	Yes	Yes		
No	Yes	Yes		
No	Yes	Yes		
No	Yes	Yes		
No	Yes	Yes		
No	Yes	Yes		
No	No	Yes		
No	No	Yes		
Yes	No	No		
Yes	No	No		
Yes	No	No		
Yes	No	No		
No	No	No		
No	No	No		
No	No	No		
No	No	No		
No	Yes	No		
No	Yes	No		

Gini Gain



Gini Gain



No

Yes

No

Gini Gain: Age less than 18?

Parent node

People = 20Bought a car = 10 (0.5)

Age less than 18? No

People = 14Bought a car = 8 (0.57) Didn't bought = 6 (0.43)

Age less than 18? Yes

People = 6 Bought a car = 2 (0.33)Didn't bought = 4 (0.67)

$$G = 1 - [(0.57^2) + (0.43^2)] = 0.49$$

$$G = 1 - [(0.33^2) + (0.67^2)] = 0.44$$

(14/20) * 0.49 + (6/20) * 0.44 = 0.475

Gini Gain: Age less than 18?

Parent node

People = 20Bought a car = 10 (0.5)

Lives far from work? Yes

People = 10Bought a car = 8 (0.8) Didn't bought = 2 (0.2) Lives far from work? No

People = 10Bought a car = 2 (0.2) Didn't bought = 8 (0.8)

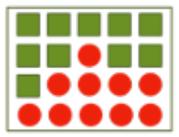
$$G = 1 - [(0.2^2) + (0.8^2)] = 0.32$$
 $G = 1 - [(0.8^2) + (0.2^2)] = 0.32$

(10/20) * 0.32 + (10/20) * 0.32 = 0.32

Should split on "Age < 18?" or "Lives far from work?" ?

Age < 18?

Gini Gain = 0.5 - 0.475 = 0.025



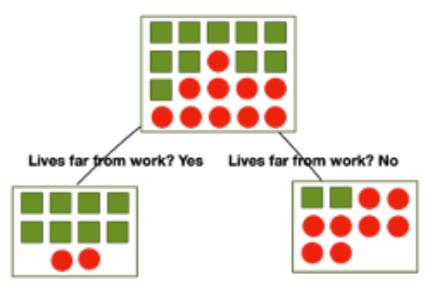
Age less than 18? No

Age less than 18? Yes



Lives far from work?

Gini Gain = 0.5 - 0.32 = 0.18



Creating a classifier (coding)

 $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ PREDICT (X) -> Y' D_GRON-THEE (NODE, K)

Wrap-up

- Chapters from [3]: 19.7 (kNN), 19.3 (DTs)

Next lecture:

- ensemble learning

[3] Russell, Stuart J., and Peter Norvig. Artificial intelligence a modern approach. 4th edition