

①

ENGR 123

L13

Plan: Factorial defⁿ

Recursion example

Proof that $\sqrt{2}$ is irrational

" " $n < 2^n$ where $n \geq 0$

Factorial ~~m!~~ $m!$ - say n factoria
 m bang

$$(n+1)! = (n+1) \cdot n!$$
$$1! = 1$$

e.g. $2! = 2 \times 1!$

$$= 2 \times 1$$

$$3! = 3 \times 2!$$

$$= 3 \times 2 \times 1$$

$$4! = 4 \times 3!$$

$$= 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$$

$$10! = 10 \times 9 \times 8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$$

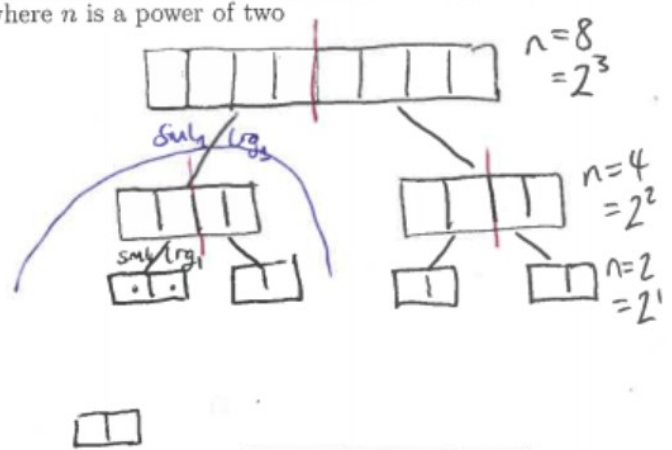
$$= 10 \times 9!$$

(2)

Algorithm 1: MinMax(S)

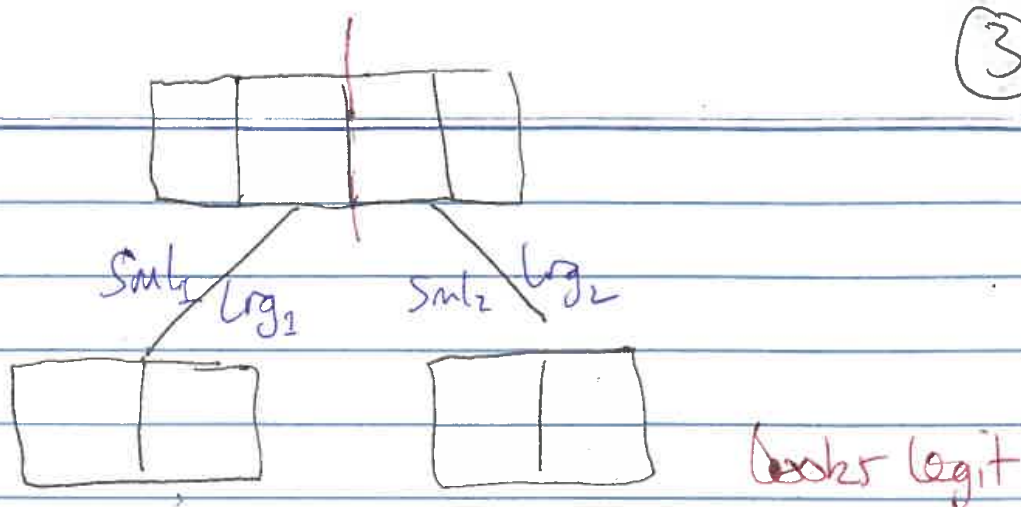
input: a set $S = (s_1, \dots, s_n)$ of n numbers, where n is a power of two

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1 if  $n = 2$  then
2   if  $s_1 < s_2$  then
3     return  $[s_1, s_2]$ 
4   else
5     return  $[s_2, s_1]$ 
6 else
7    $[sml_1, big_1] = \text{MinMax}(s_1, \dots, s_{\frac{n}{2}})$ 
8    $[sml_2, big_2] = \text{MinMax}(s_{\frac{n}{2}+1}, \dots, s_n)$ 
9    $big = \text{Max}(big_1, big_2)$ 
10   $sml = \text{Min}(sml_1, sml_2)$ 
11  return  $[sml, big]$ 
```



output: The min and max elements of S

(3)



Third type of proof - Direct proof
 $P \rightarrow C$ - Contrapositive
 $\equiv \neg C \rightarrow \neg P$

Direct	Contrapositive	Contradiction
$\frac{P}{\rightarrow \vdots}$	$\frac{\neg C}{\rightarrow \vdots}$	$\frac{P \wedge \neg C}{\rightarrow \vdots}$
$\rightarrow C$	$\neg P$	$R \wedge \neg R$

~~Proof~~ New type - proof by ~~contradiction~~
 Contradiction

Proof that $\sqrt{2}$ is irrational

Contrary statement - $\sqrt{2}$ is rational

(4)

Suppose $\sqrt{2} = \frac{p}{q}$ p & q have no (*)
common factors

$$\rightarrow \sqrt{2}^2 q = p$$

$$\rightarrow 2q^2 = p^2$$

$\rightarrow p^2$ is even

$\rightarrow p$ is even (earlier lecture)

$$\rightarrow p = 2k$$

$$\rightarrow 2q^2 = (2k)^2$$
$$= 4k^2$$

$$\rightarrow q^2 = 2k^2$$

$\rightarrow q^2$ is even

$\rightarrow q$ is even

This contradicts the starred line

So $\sqrt{2}$ must be irrational.