## **Course Introduction**

SWEN304 / SWEN435 Database System Engineering Trimester 1, 2024

#### Lecturer: Dr Hui Ma

**Engineering and Computer Science** 





- A/Prof. Hui Ma (course coordinator)
  - CO 259
  - Ph: 04 356 5657 (extn: 5657)
  - Hui.Ma@ecs.vuw.ac.nz
  - Office hour: 2-3pm, Tuesday
- Kevin Shedlock
  - CO 357
  - kevin.shedlock@ecs.vuw.ac.nz



- Tutors:
  - TBA

- School office: CO358, Ph. 463 5341
- Class representative, please nominate
  - SWEN304
  - SWEN435



#### Three lectures per week (2 lectures + 1 tutorial)

Day	Time	Where
Monday	10:00 10:50	CO LT122
Tuesday	10:00 10:50	CO LT122
Thursday	10:00 10:50	CO LT122

- Slides will be posted on the course website
- Expected workload: 10 hours a week

## Tutorials and Help Desks

- Lectures and tutorials will not be strictly divided
- In principle, Thursday time slots will be for tutorials
  - Stuff from lectures,
  - extending stuff from lectures,
  - Assignments, and
  - Projects
- Help desks will be offered from week 3 in lab CO246 to help you with your assignments and projects
  - Details is posted on the course website

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### SWEN304 Assessment

Assessment:



- Assignments and projects are available at the SWEN304 website
- Submit via: https://apps.ecs.vuw.ac.nz/submit/SWEN304



### SWEN435 Assessment

• Assessment:



- Exam 45%
- Assignment and projects are available at **SWEN435** website
- Submit via https://apps.ecs.vuw.ac.nz/submit/SWEN435



- Mandatory Requirements:
  - at least 40% of the overall marks for projects and assignments
    - for SWEN304 40%\*50,
    - for SWEN439 40%\*55
  - achieve at least a D grade for the exam
- To pass the course
  - meet the mandatory requirements
  - at least 50% grade overall



### Online Resources

Slides and other information will be posted on the course website:

https://ecs.wgtn.ac.nz/Courses/SWEN304\_2024T1/WebHome

Discussion Forum on Nuku



- Video of Lectures can be accessed via Nuku
- Assignments and Projects
  - Helpful Links:
    - PostgreSQL documentation,
    - Java Tutorial Manual



- Prerequisite:
  - COMP 261 or SWEN 221; and
  - ENGR 123 or MATH 161
- Textbook:

ElMasri, Navathe: Fundamentals of Database Systems, 6th/7th Edition, Addison Wesley

# Why Learn Database Systems?

- Databases and database systems are essential components of everyday life
  - Traditional database applications: student records, census data, bank accounts, etc.
  - Multimedia databases: images, audio, video streams
  - Geographic information systems (GIS): maps, weather data, satellite images
  - Data warehouses and online analytical processing (OLAP)
  - Real-time and Active Databases
  - Many other applications

# Why Learn Database Systems?

- Databases play a critical role in almost all areas where computers are used,
  - e.g. business, e-commerce, engineering, medicine, government, education
- The efficiency of an application depends on the quality of (logical and physical) data organization
- Databases is a matured area with a sound theoretical foundation and great practical knowledge
- We need to understand fundamentals of database technology
- This course is an introduction to database systems and database system engineering



- UNIVERSITY database
  - Information concerning students, courses, and grades in a university environment

#### Data records

- STUDENT
- COURSE
- GRADES
- Specify structure of records of each file by specifying data type for each data element
  - String of alphabetic characters
  - Integer, etc.



- Construct UNIVERSITY database
  - Store data to represent each student, course, and grade report as a record in an appropriate file
- Relationships among the records
- We can query and update the database



- Examples of queries:
  - Retrieve the transcript of a student
  - List the names of students who took the 'SWEN304' course and their grades
  - List the prerequisites of the 'SWEN435' course
- Examples of updates:
  - Change the major of `Smith' to `SWEN'
  - Create a new course 'WISE'
  - Enter a grade of 'A' for 'Smith' in the 'SWEN304'



- Phases for designing a database:
  - Requirements specification and analysis
  - Conceptual design
    - conceptual model
  - Logical design
    - Relational model
  - Physical design



#### An Example

- A graphical representation with a set of interrelated tables with data
  - represents an UoD,
  - is well structured,
  - can reflect changes, and
  - have users and applications.

STUDENT				
ld	Lname	Fname	Major	
300111	Smith	Susan	COMP	
300121	Bond	James	MATH	
300132	Smith	Susan	COMP	

COURSE				
Course_id	Cname	Points	Dept	
SWEN304	DB sys	15	Engineering	
COMP301	softEng	20	Engineering	
MATH214	DisMat	15	Mathematics	

GRADES				
ld	Course_id	Grade		
300111	SWEN304	A+		
300111	COMP301	А		
300111	MATH214	А		
300121	COMP301	В		
300132	COMP301	С		
300121	SWEN304	B+		
300132	SWEN304	C+		

## Actors on the Scene

- **Database administrators (DBA)** are responsible for:
  - Authorizing access to the database
  - Coordinating and monitoring its use
  - Acquiring software and hardware resources
- **Database designers** are responsible for:
  - Identifying the data to be stored
  - Choosing appropriate structures to represent and store this data
- End users: people whose jobs require access to the database, e.g.,
  - Casual users: different queries via DB query interface
  - Naïve or parametric users, bank customers, booking agents
  - sophisticated users: access DBMS via own applications
  - standalone users: use read-make program package

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## Actors on the Scene (cont'd.)

## System analysts

- determine requirements of end users
- develop specifications for standard canned transactions to meet the requirement

## Application programmers

- implement these specifications as programs,
- test, debug, document, and maintain these canned transactions

## Workers behind the Scene

### DBMS system designers and implementers

 Design and implement the DBMS modules and interfaces as a software package

#### Tool developers

Design and implement tools

#### Operators and maintenance personnel

 Responsible for running and maintenance of hardware and software environment for database systems



- Introduction to Database Systems (basic terms and concepts),
- Relational data model (RDM) and database management system (DBMS),
- Structured Query Language (SQL),
- Query optimization



- Database Design
  - ER Data Model
  - Update Anomalies
  - Lossless Join
  - Functional Dependencies
  - Normal Forms and Normalization
- Transaction processing, concurrency control, and recovery



- Databases (DB) and data
- Database management systems (DBMS)
- Database systems (DBS)

- Reading:
  - Chapter 1 of the textbook