

ENGR 101

Engineering Technology

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Victoria
UNIVERSITY OF WELLINGTON

*Te Whare Wānanga
o te Ūpoko o te Ika a Māui*

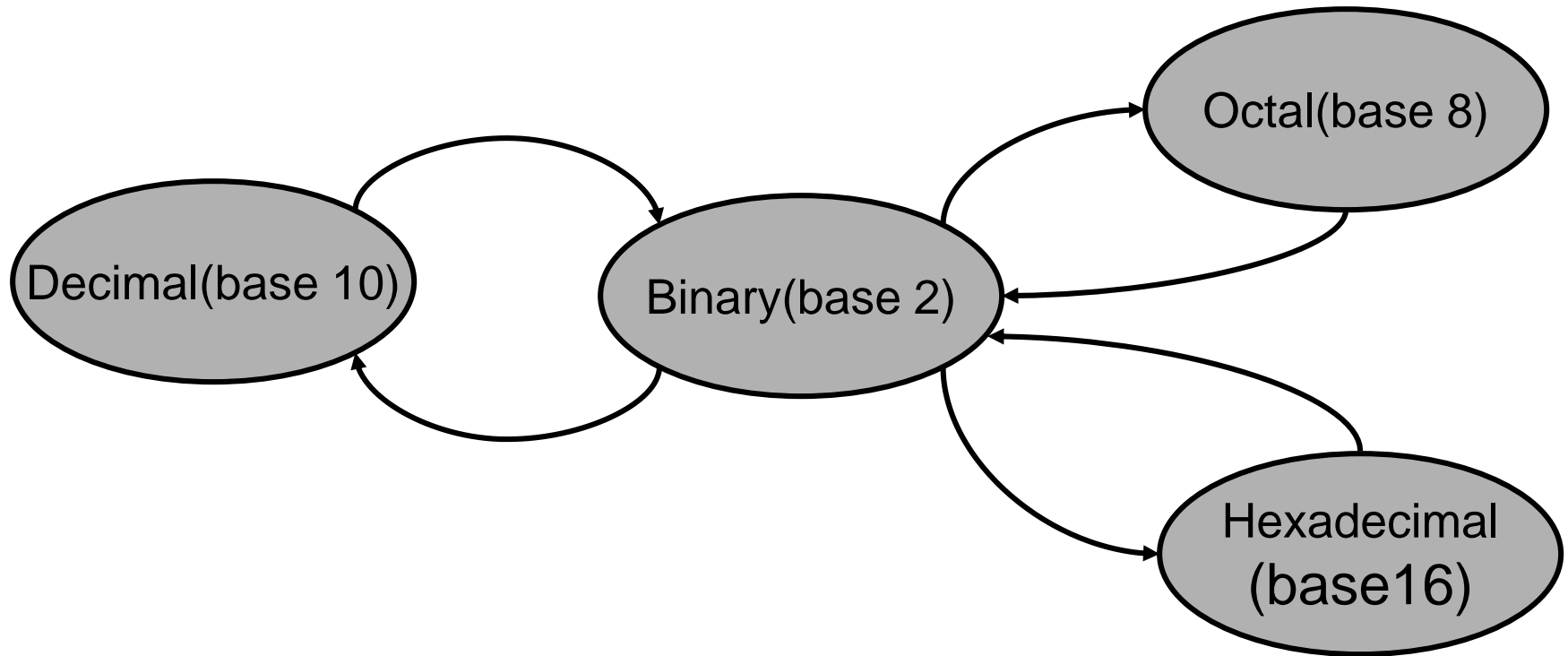


CAPITAL CITY UNIVERSITY

Week 2 Lecture 1b

- Main topics
 - Introduction to Engineering Technology
 - Number system
 - Logic Gates
 - Boolean Algebra
- Course web page:
https://ecs.wgtn.ac.nz/Courses/XMUT101_2021T1/
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Conversion Between Number Systems



- **Learn to convert between bases.**

Convert *from* **Decimal** to Another Base

For each digit position:

1. **Divide decimal number by the base** (e.g. 2 for binary)
2. **The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit**
3. **Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.**

Convert an **Integer** *from* **Decimal** to Another Base

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (e.g. 2)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Example (a) $(13)_{10}$:

number

subscript

Convert an **Integer** *from* **Decimal** *to* Another Base

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (e.g. 2)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Example for $(13)_{10}$:

	Integer Quotient		Remainder		Coefficient
$13/2 =$	6	+	$1/2$		$a_0 = 1$

Convert an **Integer from Decimal to Another Base**

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (e.g. 2)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Example for $(13)_{10}$:

	Integer Quotient		Remainder		Coefficient
$13/2 =$	6	+	$\frac{1}{2}$		$a_0 = 1$
$6/2 =$	3	+	0		$a_1 = 0$

Convert an **Integer from Decimal to Another Base**

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (e.g. 2)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Example for $(13)_{10}$:

	Integer Quotient		Remainder	Coefficient
$13/2 =$	6	+	$\frac{1}{2}$	$a_0 = 1$
$6/2 =$	3	+	0	$a_1 = 0$
$3/2 =$	1	+	$\frac{1}{2}$	$a_2 = 1$

Convert an **Integer from Decimal to Another Base**

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (e.g. 2)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Example for $(13)_{10}$:

	Integer Quotient		Remainder	Coefficient
$13/2 =$	6	+	$\frac{1}{2}$	$a_0 = 1$
$6/2 =$	3	+	0	$a_1 = 0$
$3/2 =$	1	+	$\frac{1}{2}$	$a_2 = 1$
$1/2 =$	0	+	$\frac{1}{2}$	$a_3 = 1$

Convert an **Integer from Decimal to Another Base**

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (e.g. 2)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Example for $(13)_{10}$:

	Integer Quotient		Remainder	Coefficient
$13/2 =$	6	+	$\frac{1}{2}$	$a_0 = 1$
$6/2 =$	3	+	0	$a_1 = 0$
$3/2 =$	1	+	$\frac{1}{2}$	$a_2 = 1$
$1/2 =$	0	+	$\frac{1}{2}$	$a_3 = 1$

Answer $(13)_{10} = (a_3 a_2 a_1 a_0)_2 = (1101)_2$ ← subscript

Convert an **Integer from Decimal to Another Base**

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (e.g. 2)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Exercise 1

Convert the following decimal numbers to binary:

a) $(17)_{10}$

b) $(32)_{10}$

c) $(85)_{10}$

d) $(114)_{10}$

5 minutes to solve these 4 decimal numbers to binary!!

Convert an **Integer** *from Decimal* to Another Base

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (e.g. 2)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Exercise 1

Convert the following decimal numbers to binary:

a) $(17)_{10}$

b) $(32)_{10}$

c) $(85)_{10}$

d) $(114)_{10}$

2 minutes left!!

Convert an **Integer** *from* **Decimal** to Another Base

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (e.g. 2)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Exercise 1

Convert the following decimal numbers to binary:

a) $(17)_{10}$

b) $(32)_{10}$

c) $(85)_{10}$

d) $(114)_{10}$

1 minute left!!

Convert an **Integer** *from* **Decimal** to Another Base

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (e.g. 2)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Exercise 1

Convert the following decimal numbers to binary:

a) $(17)_{10}$

b) $(32)_{10}$

c) $(85)_{10}$

d) $(114)_{10}$

Please stop.....

Convert an **Integer** *from* **Decimal** *to* Another Base

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (e.g. 2)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Exercise 1

Convert the following decimal numbers to binary:

a) $(17)_{10} = (10001)_2$

Convert an **Integer** *from* **Decimal** *to* Another Base

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (e.g. 2)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Exercise 1

Convert the following decimal numbers to binary:

a) $(17)_{10} = (10001)_2$

b) $(32)_{10} = (100000)_2$

Convert an **Integer from Decimal to Another Base**

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (e.g. 2)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Exercise 1

Convert the following decimal numbers to binary:

a) $(17)_{10} = (10001)_2$

b) $(32)_{10} = (100000)_2$

c) $(85)_{10} = (1010101)_2$

Convert an **Integer from Decimal to Another Base**

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (e.g. 2)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Exercise 1

Convert the following decimal numbers to binary:

a) $(17)_{10} = (10001)_2$

b) $(32)_{10} = (100000)_2$

c) $(85)_{10} = (1010101)_2$

d) $(114)_{10} = (1110010)_2$

Convert a **Fraction** *from* **Decimal** *to* Another Base

For each digit position:

1. **Multiply decimal number by the base (e.g. 2)**
2. **The *integer* is the highest-order digit**
3. **Repeat first two steps until fraction becomes zero.**

Convert a **Fraction** from **Decimal** to Another Base

For each digit position:

1. Multiply decimal number by the base (e.g. 2)
2. The *integer* is the highest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until fraction becomes zero.

Example for $(0.625)_{10}$:

	Integer		Fraction	Coefficient
$0.625 \times 2 =$	1	+	0.25	$a_{-1} = 1$
$0.250 \times 2 =$	0	+	0.50	$a_{-2} = 0$
$0.500 \times 2 =$	1	+	0	$a_{-3} = 1$

Answer $(0.625)_{10} = (0.a_{-1} a_{-2} a_{-3})_2 = (0.101)_2$

Convert a **Fraction** *from* **Decimal** to Another Base

For each digit position:

1. Multiply decimal number by the base (e.g. 2)
2. The integer is the highest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until fraction becomes zero.

Exercise 2

Convert the following fraction numbers to binary:

a) $(0.172)_{10}$

b) $(0.32)_{10}$

c) $(0.859)_{10}$

d) $(0.114)_{10}$

Convert an **Integer** *from* **Decimal** *to* **Octal**

For each digit position:

1. **Divide decimal number by the base (8)**
2. **The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit**
3. **Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.**

Convert an Integer from Decimal to Octal

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (8)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Example for $(175)_{10}$:

	Integer Quotient		Remainder	Coefficient
$175/8 =$	21	+	$7/8$	$a_0 = 7$
$21/8 =$	2	+	$5/8$	$a_1 = 5$
$2/8 =$	0	+	$2/8$	$a_2 = 2$

Answer $(175)_{10} = (a_2 a_1 a_0)_8 = (257)_8$

Convert a **Integer** from **Decimal** to Another Base

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (8)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Exercise 3

Convert the following decimal numbers to octal:

a) $(172)_{10}$

b) $(32)_{10}$

c) $(99)_{10}$

d) $(114)_{10}$

5 minutes to solve these 4
decimal numbers to binary!!

Convert a **Integer** from **Decimal** to Another Base

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (8)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Exercise 3

Convert the following decimal numbers to octal:

- a) $(172)_{10}$
- b) $(32)_{10}$
- c) $(99)_{10}$
- d) $(114)_{10}$

2 minutes left!!

Convert a **Integer** from **Decimal** to Another Base

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (8)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Exercise 3

Convert the following decimal numbers to octal:

a) $(172)_{10}$

b) $(32)_{10}$

c) $(99)_{10}$

d) $(114)_{10}$

1 minute left!!

Convert a **Integer** from **Decimal** to Another Base

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (8)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Exercise 3

Convert the following decimal numbers to octal:

a) $(172)_{10}$

b) $(32)_{10}$

c) $(99)_{10}$

d) $(114)_{10}$

Please stop.....

Convert a **Integer** from **Decimal** to Another Base

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (8)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Exercise 3

Convert the following decimal numbers to octal:

a) $(172)_{10} = (21)_8$

b) $(32)_{10} = (40)_8$

c) $(99)_{10} = (125)_8$

d) $(114)_{10} = (162)_8$

Convert a **Fraction** *from* **Decimal** *to* **Octal**

For each digit position:

- 1. Multiply decimal number by the base (e.g. 8)**
- 2. The *integer* is the highest-order digit**
- 3. Repeat first two steps until fraction becomes zero.**

Convert a Fraction *from* Decimal *to* Octal

For each digit position:

1. Multiply decimal number by the base (e.g. 8)
2. The *integer* is the highest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until fraction becomes zero.

Example for $(0.3125)_{10}$:

	Integer	Fraction	Coefficient
$0.3125 \times 8 =$	2	+ 0.5	$a_{-1} = 2$
$0.5000 \times 8 =$	4	+ 0	$a_{-2} = 4$

Answer $(0.3125)_{10} = (0.24)_8$

Convert a **fraction** *from* **Decimal** to Another Base

For each digit position:

1. Multiply decimal number by the base (e.g. 8)
2. The integer is the highest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until fraction becomes zero.

Exercise 4

Convert the following decimal numbers to octal:

a) $(0.172)_{10}$

b) $(0.32)_{10}$

c) $(0.99)_{10}$

d) $(0.114)_{10}$

Convert an Integer *from* **Decimal** *to* **Hexadecimal**

For each digit position:

1. **Divide decimal number by the base (e.g. 16)**
2. **The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit**
3. **Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.**

Convert an **Integer from Decimal to Hexadecimal**

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (e.g. 16)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Example for $(130)_{10}$:

	Integer Quotient		Remainder	Coefficient
$130/16 =$	8	+	2	$a_0 = 2$
$8/16 =$	0	+	8	$a_1 = 8$

$$\text{Answer } (130)_{10} = (a_1 a_0)_{16} = (82)_{16}$$

Convert an **Integer** *from* **Decimal** *to* **Hexadecimal**

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (e.g. 16)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Exercise 5

Convert the following decimal numbers to hexadecimal:

a) $(171)_{10}$

b) $(32)_{10}$

c) $(85)_{10}$

d) $(114)_{10}$

5 minutes to solve these 4 decimal numbers to binary!!

Convert an **Integer** *from* **Decimal** *to* **Hexadecimal**

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (e.g. 16)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Exercise 5

Convert the following decimal numbers to hexadecimal:

a) $(171)_{10}$

b) $(32)_{10}$

c) $(85)_{10}$

d) $(114)_{10}$

2 minutes left!!

Convert an **Integer** *from* **Decimal** *to* **Hexadecimal**

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (e.g. 16)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Exercise 5

Convert the following decimal numbers to hexadecimal:

a) $(171)_{10}$

b) $(32)_{10}$

c) $(85)_{10}$

d) $(114)_{10}$

1 minute left!!

Convert an **Integer** *from* **Decimal** *to* **Hexadecimal**

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (e.g. 16)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Exercise 5

Convert the following decimal numbers to hexadecimal:

a) $(171)_{10}$

b) $(32)_{10}$

c) $(85)_{10}$

d) $(114)_{10}$

Please stop.....

Convert an Integer *from* Decimal to Hexadecimal

For each digit position:

1. Divide decimal number by the base (e.g. 16)
2. The *remainder* is the lowest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until no *divisor* remains.

Exercise 5

Convert the following decimal numbers to hexadecimal:

a) $(171)_{10} = (11)_{16}$

b) $(32)_{10} = (20)_{16}$

c) $(85)_{10} = (55)_{16}$

d) $(114)_{10} = (72)_{16}$

Convert a Fraction *from* Decimal *to* Hexadecimal

For each digit position:

1. **Multiply decimal number by the base (e.g. 16)**
2. **The *integer* is the highest-order digit**
3. **Repeat first two steps until fraction becomes zero.**

Convert a Fraction from Decimal to Hexadecimal

For each digit position:

1. Multiply decimal number by the base (e.g. 16)
2. The *integer* is the highest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until fraction becomes zero.

Example for $(0.3125)_{10}$:

	Integer		Fraction		Coefficient
$0.3125 \times 16 =$	5	+	0		$a_{-1} = 5$

$$\text{Answer } (0.3125)_{10} = (0.5)_{16}$$

Convert a Fraction *from* Decimal *to* Hexadecimal

For each digit position:

1. Multiply decimal number by the base (e.g. 16)
2. The integer is the highest-order digit
3. Repeat first two steps until fraction becomes zero.

Exercise 6

Convert the following decimal numbers to hexadecimal:

a) $(0.172)_{10}$

b) $(0.32)_{10}$

c) $(0.99)_{10}$

d) $(0.114)_{10}$

Week 2 Lecture 1b

- Decimal number conversion
 - Binary
 - Octal
 - Hexadecimal
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- `kerese@ecs.vuw.ac.nz`