# Programs that make decisions COMP 102

**Victoria University of Wellington** 

## **Programs that make decisions**

- Everything we have done executes one line after the other.
- We have varied the action in a program by getting input from the user:

```
String name = UI.askString("name:");
:
UI.println("Hello " + ", how are you?", name);
```

- But this just changes the values, not the action itself.
  - What if we wanted to do something else if the name variable was an empty string?
- Programs that perform the same action every time are boring!

#### **Decisions in Java**

Java has an if ... else ... statement:

Can do an action only in some circumstances:

```
if ( countTimes > 10 ) {
    UI.clearGraphics();
    this.drawBoard(10, 10, 100);
}
```

Can choose between different actions:

```
if ( userChoice.equals("Yes" ) ){
    UI.drawImage("Nod.png", left, top);
}
else {
    UI.drawImage("Shake.png", left, top);
}
```

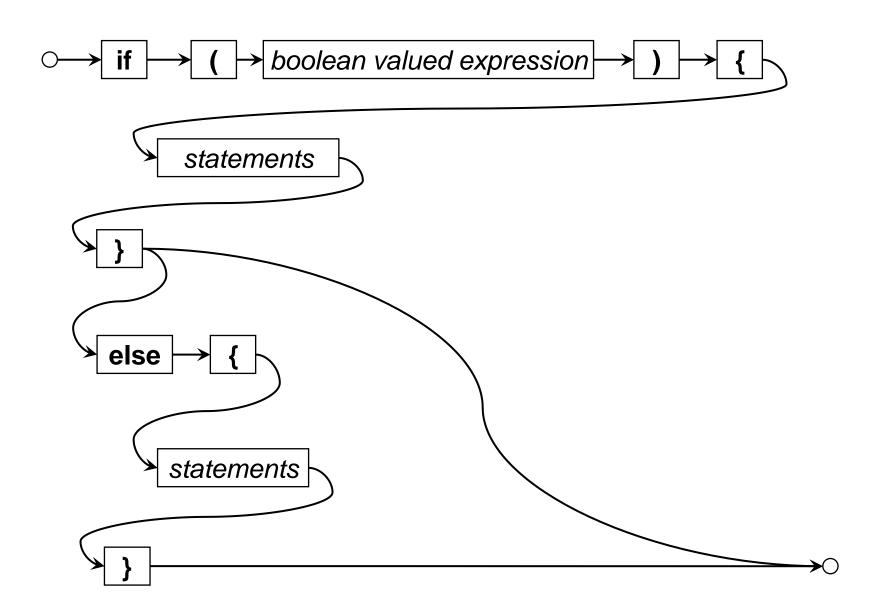
#### Java: if and if ... else LDC 4.2

Two forms of the if statement:

```
if ( \langle condition \rangle ) {
           ⟨actions to perform if condition is true⟩
 ⇒ just skip the actions when the condition is not true!
and
     if ( \langle condition \rangle ) {
           ⟨actions to perform if condition is true⟩
     else {
           ⟨actions to perform if condition is false ⟩
```

Note: the { ... } represent a "Block" – a sequence of actions that are wrapped up together into a single statement.

## if ... vs if ... else ...



#### Method with a condition

```
/** Ask for amount and currency; print note if -ve, print value.*/
public void convertMoney( ) {;
   double amount = UI.askDouble("Enter amount $NZ");
   if ( amount < 0 ) {
       UI.println("Note: you have entered a debt!");
   String currency = UI.askString ("Enter currency (US or Aus)");
   if ( currency.equals("US") ) {
       UI.printf("NZ%.2f = US%.2f\n", amount, (amount * 0.677));
                                                 What is printf?
   else {
       UI.printf("NZ_{...2f} = AUS_{...2f}", amount, (amount * 0.942));
```

```
Like println, but can control the format:

%.2f ⇒ floating point, 2dp

%d ⇒ integer

%s ⇒ string

\n ⇒ new line
```

#### Multiway choice: if ... else if ... else if ...

Can put another if statement in the else part:

```
if ( \langle condition1 \rangle ) {
  (actions to perform if condition1 is true)
else if ( \( \condition 2 \) \) \{
  (actions to perform if condition 2 is true (but not condition 1))
else if ( < condition3 > ) {
  (actions to perform if condition 3 is true (but not conditions 1, 2))
else {
  ⟨actions to perform if other conditions are false⟩
```

## **Example with multiway choice**

```
public void convertMoney( ) {
   double amount = UI.askDouble("Enter amount");
   if (amount < 0) {
       UI.println("Note: you have entered a debt!");
    String currency = UI.askString("Enter currency (US or Aus)");
   if (currency.equals("US") ) {
       UI.printf("NZ%.2f = US%.2f\n", amount, amount * 0.668);
   else if ( currency.equals("Aus") ) {
      UI.printf("NZ%.2f = AUS%.2f\n", amount , amount * 0.893);
   else {
      UI.printf("I cannot convert to <u>%s</u> currency\n", currency);
```