
Using scanners directly to read files

COMP 102

Victoria University of Wellington

Files: line-by-line or token-by-token

If a file is formatted by line

- Eg, each "item" is described by a sequence of values on a single line
- It is simplest to read every line into a List of lines, and process with a for-each loop

```
List<String> allLines = Files.readAllLines( Path.of(fname) );
for (String line : lines){
    Scanner scan = new Scanner (line);
    ....
}
```

```
973 biscuits 27 33 15 4 9
731 cake 3 5 2
189 fruit 54 2 83 96
446 beans 1 3 2 5 3 4 7 2 5 1
```

If a file is a sequence of tokens, and the lines don't mean anything

- Eg, long sequence of words, with arbitrary line breaks.
- Eg, long sequence of numbers
- It is simplest to put a single Scanner around the whole file:

```
Scanner scan = new Scanner( Path.of(fname) );
... scan.next() .... scan.nextDouble()....
```

```
Once upon a time
there was a chicken
who lived on a little
farm in a tiny village,
away out in the far
country, beyond the
```

Summing all the numbers in a file

```
/** Return the sum of all the numbers in a file, ignoring the non-numbers */
```

```
public double addNumbers(String fname){  
    try {  
        Scanner scan = new Scanner( Path.of(fname) );  
        double total = 0;  
        while (scan.hasNext() ) {  
            if (scan.hasNextDouble() ) {  
                total = total + scan.nextDouble();  
            }  
            else {  
                scan.next();  
            }  
        }  
        scan.close(); //Need to close the file to release it  
        return total;  
    } catch (IOException e) { UI.printf("File failure %s\n", e);}  
}
```

Files with headers

- A data file may contain a header before the bulk of the data
=> need to read header first before reading rest of data

```
try {
    Scanner scan = new Scanner(Path.of(recordFileName) );
    String name = scan.nextLine();
    int sID = scan.nextInt();
    String deg = scan.next();
    int count = scan.nextInt();
    for (int c = 0; c < count; c++){
        String code = scan.next();
        String grade = scan.next();
        int year = scan.nextInt();
        // process data
    }
    scan.close();
} catch (IOException e) { UI.println("File error: " + e); }
```

record-300765432.txt

```
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```

Files with multiple sets of data

```

try {
    Scanner scan = new Scanner(Path.of(recordFileName) );
    while (scan.hasNext()){
        String name = scan.nextLine();
        int sID = scan.nextInt();
        String deg = scan.next();
        int count = scan.nextInt();
        for (int i=0; i < count; i++){
            String code = scan.next();
            String grade = scan.next();
            int year = scan.nextInt();
            // process data
        }
    }
    scan.close();
} catch (IOException e) { UI.println("File error: " + e); }

```

student-records.txt

```

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Files with headers: passing a Scanner

- Can call another method to read the remaining data
=> must pass the Scanner to the method

```
Scanner scan = new Scanner(Path.of(recordFileName ) );
```

```
while (scan.hasNext()){
```

```
    String name = scan.nextLine();
```

```
    int sID = scan.nextInt();
```

```
    String deg = scan.next();
```

```
    int count = scan.nextInt();
```

```
        this.processRecord(scan, count, name, sID, deg);
```

```
}
```

```
scan.close();
```

```
public void processRecord(Scanner sc, int ct, String n, int ID, String deg){
```

```
    for (int i=0; i < ct; i++){
```

```
        String code = sc.next();
```

```
        // process data
```

```
}
```

student-records.txt

```
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```

Passing an open Scanner

- You can pass an open Scanner to a method
- The method can read some data from the Scanner
 - starts from wherever the Scanner had got up to
 - leaves the Scanner ready for other code to read from where it left off.

```

/** Reads and processes ct courses from the Scanner */
public void processRecord(Scanner sc, int ct, String n, int ID, String deg){
    for (int i=0; i < ct; i++){
        String code = sc.next();
        // process data
    }
}

```

student-records.txt

```

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```