



## Version control with Git and GitHub



# Introduction

- Evan Giles and Rebecca Blundell  
[evan@catalyst.net.nz](mailto:evan@catalyst.net.nz)  
[rebeccablundell@catalyst.net.nz](mailto:rebeccablundell@catalyst.net.nz)
- Please interrupt to ask questions

# Overview

- These slides are online: <https://cat-training-2020.github.io>
- Tutorial format (with some lecturing thrown in)
- Tutorial will be in phases (time permitting)
  1. Hands-on with GitHub and Atom
  2. Questions
  3. Discussion of GitHub workflows
  4. Hands-on with Git on the command line

# Git

 <https://git-scm.org/>

# Git

Git is a **version control system**:  
software that manages different versions of  
files

# Git

Why is it useful?

1. Keep track of changes to files
2. Review and revert back to old versions
3. Synchronise files between different locations
4. Test changes without losing the original copy
5. Facilitates teamwork

# Git

Why Git and not some other software?

1. Performance
2. Flexibility
3. **Popularity**

# GitHub



<https://github.com/>

# GitHub

GitHub is a **hosting site for Git repositories**

(with lots of extra features)

# GitHub

Why is GitHub useful?

1. Free hosting for open source projects
2. Interface for browsing and editing code
3. Workflows for collaborating with others
4. Create a static website with GitHub pages
5. Comprehensive documentation:

<https://docs.github.com/en>

# GitHub

Why GitHub and not some other software?

## 1. **Popularity**

# Atom

 <https://atom.io/>

# Atom

Atom is a **text editor**

with some useful Git and GitHub-related  
features

# Let's get started

Using Git's primary workflow

# Overview

1. **Create** a project (on GitHub)
2. **Clone** the project (onto your computer)
3. **Change** some files
4. **Commit** the changes
5. **Push** the changes (to GitHub)

# 1. Create a project

Initialise a new "repository" from within GitHub

# Create a project

- Go to <https://github.com/>
  - If you have an account, log in
  - If you don't, create one
    - You may need to verify your email address
- Click **New**
  - Or navigate to <https://github.com/new>

# Built for developers

GitHub is a development platform inspired by the way you work. From open source to business, you can host and review code, manage projects, and build software alongside 50 million developers.

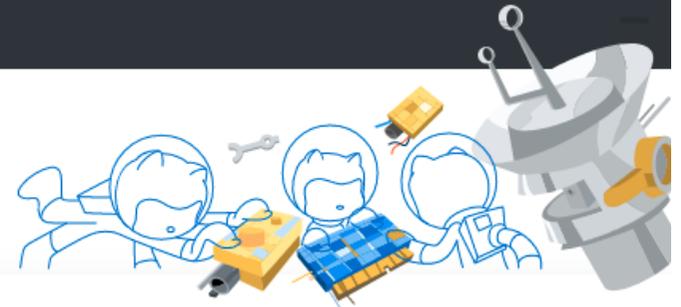
Email

Password

Make sure it's at least 15 characters OR at least 8 characters including a number and a lowercase letter. [Learn more.](#)

Sign up for GitHub

By clicking "Sign up for GitHub", you agree to our [Terms of Service](#) and [Privacy Statement](#). We'll occasionally send you account related emails.



# Create your account

There were problems creating your account.

**Username \***

myaccountname12333



**Email address \***

rebeccablundell@example.org



**Password \***

.....



Make sure it's at least 15 characters OR at least 8 characters including a number and a lowercase letter. [Learn more.](#)

**Email preferences**

Send me occasional product updates, announcements, and offers.

**Verify your account**



Create account

By creating an account, you agree to the [Terms of Service](#). For more information about GitHub's privacy practices, see the [GitHub Privacy Statement](#). We'll occasionally send you account-related emails.



# Welcome to GitHub

Woohoo! You've joined millions of developers who are doing their best work on GitHub. Tell us what you're interested in. We'll help you get there.

## What kind of work do you do, mainly?

<p><b>Software Engineer</b> I write code</p>	<p><b>Student</b> I go to school</p>
<p><b>Product Manager</b> I write specs</p>	<p><b>UX &amp; Design</b> I draw interfaces</p>
<p><b>Data &amp; Analytics</b> I write queries</p>	<p><b>Marketing &amp; Sales</b> I look at charts</p>
<p><b>Teacher</b> I educate people</p>	<p><b>Other</b> I do my own thing</p>

## How much programming experience do you have?

<p><b>None</b> I don't program at all</p>	<p><b>A little</b> I'm new to programming</p>
<p><b>A moderate amount</b> I'm somewhat experienced</p>	<p><b>A lot</b> I'm very experienced</p>

(Select up to 3)

 <p>Learn to code</p>	 <p>Learn Git and GitHub</p>	 <p>Host a project (repository)</p>
 <p>Create a website with GitHub Pages</p>	 <p>Collaborating with my team</p>	 <p>Find and contribute to open source</p>
 <p>School work and student projects</p>	 <p>Use the GitHub API</p>	 <p>Other</p>

### I am interested in:

languages, frameworks, industries

We'll connect you with communities and projects that fit your interests.

For example: fish spring webauthn

Complete setup



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[Status](#)

[Help](#)

[Contact GitHub](#)

[Pricing](#)

[API](#)

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## Please verify your email address

Before you can contribute on GitHub, we need you to verify your email address.

An email containing verification instructions was sent to [rebeccahundell@example.org](mailto:rebeccahundell@example.org).

[Resend verification email](#)

[Change your email settings](#)



## Sign in to GitHub

**Username or email address**



**Password**

[Forgot password?](#)



Sign in

New to GitHub? [Create an account.](#)

[Terms](#) [Privacy](#) [Security](#) [Contact GitHub](#)

# Create a project

- Enter repository name **cs4hs**
- Check **Add a README file**
- Click **Create repository**

[Read the guide](#)

[Start a project](#)

## Discover interesting projects and people to populate your personal news feed.

Your news feed helps you keep up with recent activity on repositories you [watch](#) and people you [follow](#).

[Explore GitHub](#)

 **ProTip!** The feed shows you events from people you [follow](#) and repositories you [watch](#).

 [Subscribe to your news feed](#)

A repository contains all project files, including the revision history. Already have a project repository elsewhere? [Import a repository.](#)

---

Owner \*



Repository name \*

cs4hs|

Great repository name cs4hs is available. memorable. Need inspiration? How about **special-octo-fortnight?**

Description (optional)



**Public**

Anyone on the internet can see this repository. You choose who can commit.



**Private**

You choose who can see and commit to this repository.

**Initialize this repository with:**

Skip this step if you're importing an existing repository.



**Add a README file**

This is where you can write a long description for your project. [Learn more.](#)



**Add .gitignore**

Choose which files not to track from a list of templates. [Learn more.](#)



**Choose a license**

A license tells others what they can and can't do with your code. [Learn more.](#)

This will set main as the default branch. Change the default name in your [settings](#).

Create repository



 Initial commit a77a16c now 1 commits

 README.md	Initial commit	now
---	----------------	-----

README.md 

# cs4hs

---

No description, website, or topics provided.

 Readme

### Releases

No releases published  
[Create a new release](#)

### Packages

No packages published  
[Publish your first package](#)

# Remote cs4hs repository

- Exists on GitHub's servers
  - It is a "remote" repository
- Publically accessible
  - Anyone can see it
  - Only you can modify it

## 2. "Clone" the project

Copy the project so you can edit it

# "Clone"

- Given the location of a repository
- Makes a copy of the project
- Stores it on your computer
- Links the two copies

# Clone the cs4hs repository

- Open Atom
  - Close any "welcome" tabs



Your project is currently empty

Add folders

Reopen a project



## A hackable text editor for the 21<sup>st</sup> Century

For help, please visit

- The [Atom docs](#) for Guides and the API reference.
- The Atom forum at [discuss.atom.io](#)
- The [Atom org](#). This is where all GitHub-created Atom packages can be found.

Show Welcome Guide when opening Atom

atom.io ×

### Get to know Atom!

Open a Project

Version control with Git and GitHub

Collaborate in real time with Teletype

Install a Package

Choose a Theme

Customize the Styling

Hack on the Init Script

Add a Snippet

Learn Keyboard Shortcuts

# Clone the cs4hs repository

- Press **Control-Shift-P** to enter a command
  - Type **GitHub: Clone** and press **Enter**
- Choose file locations
  - **Clone from:** your GitHub repository URL  
<https://github.com/username/cs4hs>
  - **To directory:** wherever you like, e.g. home/yourname/code/cs4hs
  - To view folder pane on left in Atom, press **Alt + \** or **View -> 'Toggle tree view'**

clone

GitHub: Clone

Alt+G =

Find And Replace: Use Selection As Find Pattern

Find And Replace: Use Selection As Replace Pattern

Everything Atom can do is in the Command Palette. See it by using `Ctrl+Shift+P`

`https://github.com/xxxxxxxxx/cs4hs`

To directory

`/home/xxxxxxxxx/code/ch4hs`

Cancel

Clone

# Local cs4hs repository

- Exists on your computer
  - It is a "local" repository
- Files and folders behave as usual
- Linked to the version on GitHub

# 3. Change some files

Now you can make changes to your local copy

# Edit the README

- Edit file "README.md"

```
# cs4hs
```

```
## Test project
```

```
This is a project used to experiment with Git and GitHub.
```

- Save with **Control-S** (or from the **File** menu)

ch4hs

.git

README.md

```
1 # cs4hs
2
3 ## Test project
4
5 This is a project used to experiment with Git and GitHub.
```

ch4hs

.git

README.md

```
1 # cs4hs
2
3 ## Test project
4
5 This is a project used to experiment with Git and GitHub.
6
```

# Add a Python program

- Enter **Control-Shift-P** and **Add File**
- Enter the path for the new file: **hello.py**

```
print("Kia ora koutou,")  
print("")  
print("This is a simple python program.")  
print("What does it do? Just prints out this message.")  
print("")  
print("Ngā mihi, Evan & Rebecca")
```

- Remember to save with **Control-S**

ch4hs

.git

README.md

Project

README.md

1 # cs4hs

add

Tree View: **Add** File

Tree View: **Add** Folder

Editor: **Add** Selection Above

Alt+Shift+Up

Editor: **Add** Selection Below

Alt+Shift+Down

Application: **Add** Project Folder

Ctrl+Shift+A

Command Palette: Show **Hidden** Commands

Find **And** Replace: Find **All**

main Fetch GitHub

ch4hs

1 # cs4hs

.git

README.md

+ Enter the path for the new file.

hello.py

6



# Sidenote: the ".git" folder

- The ".git" folder contains Git's data files
- They can be edited but not saved in your repository

# Local changes

- You now have:
  1. Some edits to a file
  2. An entirely new file
- These changes only exist locally
- They have not been "saved" to your repository yet!

# 3.1 Tell Git who you are

- Click the **Git** button on the lower right corner of your Atom window
  - You should see a **Git Identity** pane
- Check the username and email you want to use for commits are correct
- Click **Continue**

Project

- ch4hs
  - .git
  - hello.py
  - README.md

```
README.md | hello.py
1 print("Kia ora koutou,")
2 print("")
3 print("This is a simple python program.")
4 print("What does it do? Just prints out this message.")
5 print("")
6 print("Ngā mihi, Evan & Rebecca")
7
```

Git

ch4hs

## Git Identity

Please set the username and email address that you want to author git commits.

# Tell Git who you are

An alternative to setting your **Git Identity** as above, is editing the config file:

- Edit file ".git/config"
- Add to the end of the file:

```
[user]
name = Your Name
email = you@example.com
```

# 4. "Stage" and "Commit" the changes

Save your edits to a new version of the project

# "Commit"

- Saving changes is a two-step process:
  1. Add them to the "staging area"
    - Tells Git to include the file in the next commit
  2. "Commit" the changes
    - Tells Git to save a new version of the project
- A "commit" is a version
  - Includes a message and attribution information

# Stage the edited file

- Open the "Git" pane
- Your changes are currently "unstaged"
- **Right-click** and **Stage** "README.md"

Project

README.md

hello.py

Unstaged Changes: READ...

Git

Git

- ch4hs
- .git
- hello.py
- README.md

Unstaged Changes for README... Jump To File Stage File

@@ -1,1 +1,5 @@ Enter Stage Hunk 🗑️

```

1 # cs4hs
  No newline at end of file
1 # cs4hs
2
3 ## Test project
4
5 This is a project used to experiment with
  • Git and GitHub.
```

ch4hs

Unstaged Changes

- README.md
- + hello.py

Staged Changes

No changes

[See All Staged Changes](#)

Commit message

⌄+

[Commit to main](#)

Initial commit

# Commit the edited file

- Enter a **Commit message**: something descriptive
- Click **Commit to main**

Project

Staged Changes: README.md

Git

- ch4hs
- .git
- hello.py
- README.md

Staged Changes for READ... <> Jump To File Unstage File

@@ -1,1 +1,5 @@ Ctrl+Enter Unstage Hunk

```

1 # cs4hs
   No newline at end of file
1 # cs4hs
2
3 ## Test project
4
5 This is a project used to experiment with
  • Git and GitHub.

```

ch4hs

Unstaged Changes

hello.py

Staged Changes

README.md

See All Staged Changes

Update readme

2+

Commit to main

Initial commit

# Stage and commit the new file

Use the same process, this time for "hello.py"

Project

Unstaged Changes: hello.py

Git

Git

- ch4hs
- .git
- hello.py
- README.md

Unstaged Changes for hello.py <> Jump To File Stage File

@@ -0,0 +1,6 @@ Ctrl+Enter Stage Hunk

```

1 print("Kia ora koutou,")
2 print("")
3 print("This is a simple python program.")
4 print("What does it do? Just prints out this
  • message.")
5 print("")
6 print("Ngā mihi, Evan & Rebecca")

```

ch4hs

Unstaged Changes

+ hello.py

Staged Changes

No changes

See All Staged Changes

Commit message

2+

Commit to main

- Update readme
- Initial commit

Project

Unstaged Changes: hello.py

Git

Git

- ch4hs
- .git
- hello.py
- README.md

ch4hs

Unstaged Changes

No changes

Staged Changes

hello.py

No changes to display



See All Staged Changes

Add 'hello' program

2+

Commit to main

- Update readme
- Initial commit

Staged Changes: hello.py

main Push 1 Git

# Local commit history

- You now have a series of changes
- This is your project's "commit history"
- It tells you who changed what, how, and when
- You can "revert" to previous versions

# 5. "Push" the changes

Now you can publish these new commits on  
GitHub

# Log in to GitHub

- Edit file ".git/config"
- Add your username to the cloned URL

```
[remote "origin"]  
url = https://<username>@github.com/<username>/cs4hs.git
```

# Push your commits

- Open the "GitHub" pane
- Click **Login**
- Follow the link to <https://github.atom.io/login>
- Copy the generated token
- Paste it into Atom under **Enter Token**
- Click **Login**

Project

- ch4hs
  - .git
    - hooks
    - info
    - logs
    - objects
    - refs
    - COMMIT\_EDITMSG
    - config
    - description
    - HEAD
    - index
    - packed-refs
  - hello.py
  - README.md

```
config
1 [core]
2   repositoryformatversion = 0
3   filemode = true
4   bare = false
5   logallrefupdates = true
6 [submodule]
7   active = .
8 [remote "origin"]
9   url = https://github.com:ch4hs/ch4hs.git
10  fetch = +refs/heads/*:refs/remotes/origin/*
11 [branch "main"]
12   remote = origin
13   merge = refs/heads/main
14
```

Git

ch4hs



# Log in to GitHub

Log in to GitHub to access PR information more!

 Login

Edit View Selection Find Packages Help

Project

- ch4hs
  - .git
    - hooks
    - info
    - logs
    - objects
    - refs
      - COMMIT\_EDITMSG
      - config
      - description
      - HEAD
      - index
      - packed-refs
    - hello.py
    - README.md

```
1 [core]
2   repositoryformatversion = 0
3   filemode = true
4   bare = false
5   logallrefupdates = true
6 [submodule]
7   active = .
8 [remote "origin"]
9   url = http://github.com/njbhdew...
10  fetch = +refs/heads/*:refs/remotes/origin/*
11 [branch "main"]
12   remote = origin
13   merge = refs/heads/main
14
```

Git

ch4hs



## Enter Token

1. Visit [github.com/settings/tokens](https://github.com/settings/tokens) to generate an authentication token.
2. Enter the token below:

Cancel

Login

config 14:1 LF UTF-8 Git Config main Push 2





# Push your commits

- Open the "Git" pane
- Click **Push 2** on the bottom right in Atom
- Visit GitHub to view your published changes

# Review

1. Created a project (on GitHub)
2. Cloned the project (onto your computer)
3. Changed some files
4. Committed the changes
5. Pushed the changes (to GitHub)

# Next Steps

Reviewing and modifying commits

# Reviewing changes

Your project now has a "history" you can review

# Your project's history

- A series of commits
- Every commit has:
  1. A message
  2. An author
  3. A date
  4. A set of changes
  5. A "parent" commit
  6. A unique ID
    - This is also known as its "hash" or "SHA1"

main

rjb-dev committed 28 minutes ago

2

3

5

6

1 parent b0c73a6

commit c6faf289047362810f770861d6f7366af52

Showing 1 changed file with 6 additions and 0 deletions.

Unified

6 hello.py

4

```
.. ... @@ -0,0 +1,6 @@
1 + print("Kia ora koutou,")
2 + print("")
3 + print("This is a simple python program.")
4 + print("What does it do? Just prints out this message.")
5 + print("")
6 + print("Ngā mihi, Evan & Rebecca")
```

Comments on commit c6faf28

Lock conv

Write

Preview

H B I     @ 

Leave a comment

Attach files by dragging & dropping, selecting or pasting them.

Comment on this commit

# Fix-ups

What to do when you've made a mistake?

# Undo a commit

- Open the "Git" pane
- Click **Undo** on the most recent commit
  - The commit is discarded
  - Its changes are moved back into the staging area
  - Its message is preserved

# Fix a commit

- Edit "hello.py" and add two lines at the end

```
print("Kia ora koutou,")
print("")
print("This is a simple python program.")
print("What does it do? Just prints out this message.")
print("")
print("Ngā mihi, Evan & Rebecca")
print("")
print("PS. I'm learning Git")
```

- Save the file
  - The new changes are now *unstaged*

# Fix a commit

- Stage the new changes
- Commit the result
  - You have just replaced the old commit with a new one

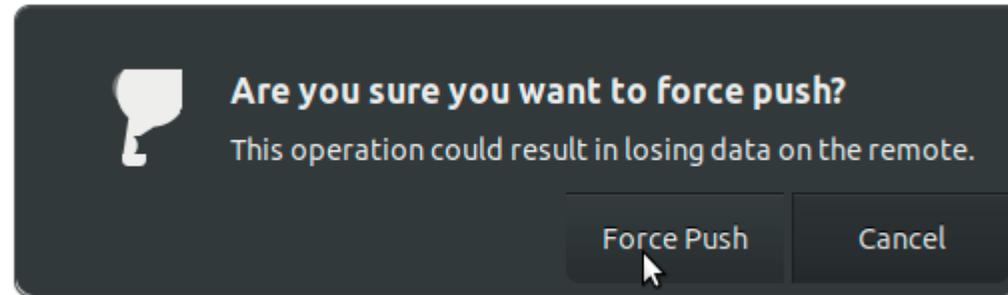
# Push the commit

- Hover over the button you used to push
  - What does it say now?

# Push the commit

- To push these commits you must "force push"
- **Right-Click** and choose **Force Push**

You will see a warning message as this overwrites data on the remote repository!



# Branches

Isolating and sharing specific sets of changes

# Branches

- Each "branch" indicates a separate version
- Multiple branches in a single repository
- Let you work without interfering with others
- Eventually combined or "merged"
- The default branch is called "main"

# Overview

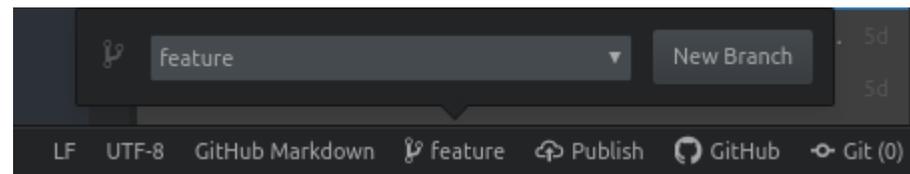
1. Create a new **branch**
2. **Commit** to the branch
3. **Push** the branch (to GitHub)
4. Create a **pull request** (on GitHub)
5. **Accept** the pull request (on GitHub)

# 1. Create a new branch

Starts a new set of changes

# Create a branch

- Open the "Git" pane
- Click **main**
  - Click **New Branch**
  - Type **feature1**
  - Click **New Branch** (again)
- You have a new "feature1" branch



## **2. Commit to the branch**

New commits are added to the active branch

# Create a new commit

- Edit the file "README.md"

```
# cs4hs

## Test project

This is a project used to experiment with Git and GitHub.

I changed this line in the 'feature1' branch
```

- Save and commit the change as usual

# Isolated changes

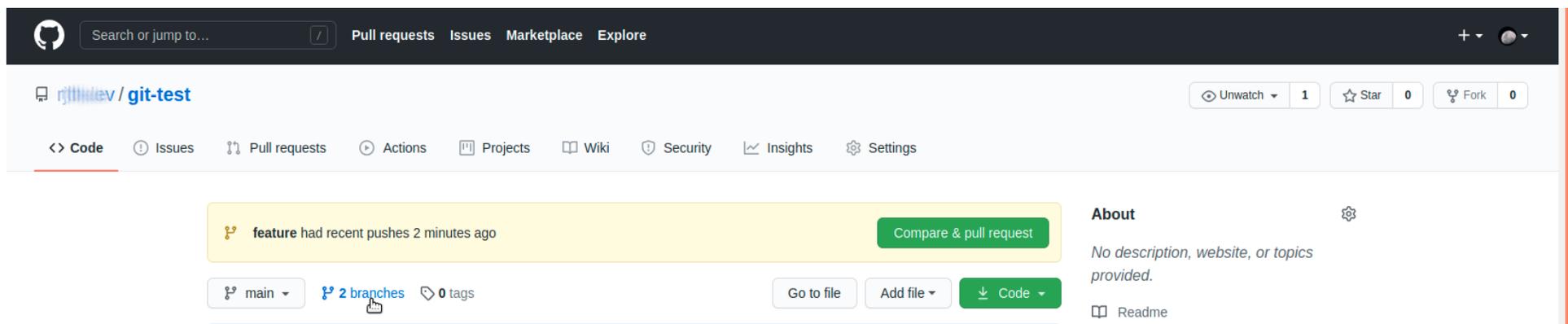
- Click **feature1** to open the branch picker
  - Click **main** to switch branches
- README.md has changed back
  - The edit has been made to the **feature1** branch
  - The **main** branch remains unchanged

# 3. Push the branch

Send the new branch to GitHub

# Push the branch

- Open the "Git" pane
- Switch back to **feature1**
- Click **Publish**
- Visit your project on GitHub
  - The **feature1** branch has been pushed



The screenshot shows the GitHub interface for a repository named 'git-test'. At the top, there is a search bar and navigation links for 'Pull requests', 'Issues', 'Marketplace', and 'Explore'. Below this, the repository name 'git-test' is displayed along with statistics: 'Unwatch' (1), 'Star' (0), and 'Fork' (0). A navigation bar includes links for 'Code', 'Issues', 'Pull requests', 'Actions', 'Projects', 'Wiki', 'Security', 'Insights', and 'Settings'. A yellow notification banner states 'feature had recent pushes 2 minutes ago' with a 'Compare & pull request' button. Below the banner, a branch selector shows 'main' and '2 branches', with a 'Code' button. On the right, an 'About' section is visible with the text 'No description, website, or topics provided.' and a 'Readme' link.

# 4. Create a pull request

Request your branch to be "merged"

# Request a merge

- Click **Compare & pull request**
- Enter some information
- Click **Create pull request**

# Open a pull request

Create a new pull request by comparing changes across two branches. If you need to, you can also [compare across forks](#).


base: main ← compare: feature
✓ **Able to merge.** These branches can be automatically merged.



**New feature**

Write Preview

H B I       

Leave a comment

Attach files by dragging & dropping, selecting or pasting them. 

**Create pull request**

- Reviewers** 

No reviews

---

- Assignees** 

No one—assign yourself

---

- Labels** 

None yet

---

- Projects** 

None yet

---

- Milestone** 

No milestone

# 5. Accept the pull request

Merge the "feature1" branch into "main"

# Merge the branch

- Make sure you're happy with the changes!
- Click **Merge pull request**
  - Add any information you'd like to include
  - Click **Confirm merge**
- Click **Delete branch**
  - Removes it from the remote repository

# New feature #2

Edit Open with ▾

Open  rjbb-dev wants to merge 1 commit into `main` from `feature` 

Conversation 0 Commits 1 Checks 0 Files changed 1 +1 -4 

 **rjb-dev** commented now Owner 😊 ⋮

No description provided.

---

 New feature 9a2f0ff

Add more commits by pushing to the `feature` branch on `rjbb-dev/git-test`.

  **Continuous integration has not been set up**  
[GitHub Actions](#) and [several other apps](#) can be used to automatically catch bugs and enforce style.

---

 **This branch has no conflicts with the base branch**  
Merging can be performed automatically.

---

Merge pull request ▾ or view [command line instructions](#).

 Write Preview H B I         

Leave a comment

- Reviewers** ⚙️  
No reviews  
Still in progress? Convert to draft

---

- Assignees** ⚙️  
No one—assign yourself

---

- Labels** ⚙️  
None yet

---

- Projects** ⚙️  
None yet

---

- Milestone** ⚙️  
No milestone

---

- Linked issues** ⚙️  
Successfully merging this pull request may close these issues.  
None yet

---

- Notifications** Customize

# Review the new commits

- The two branches have been combined
- There are two new commits:
  1. Your own
  2. A "merge commit"
- The combination happened on GitHub
  - GitHub is the *remote* repository
  - Your *local* repository is now out of date

# Update your local repo

- Back in Atom, open the "Git" pane
- Open the branch picker
  - Switch back to **main**
- Click **Fetch**
- Click **Pull 2**

# Update your local repo

- The two new commits are pulled from GitHub
- You are back up to date with "origin"

# Review

1. Created a new branch
2. Committed to the branch
3. Pushed the branch (to GitHub)
4. Created a pull request (on GitHub)
5. Accepted the pull request (on GitHub)

# GitHub Pages

Publish a static webpage with Github pages

# Create a (very) basic website

Add a file called **index.html** to your repo:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
  <head>
    <meta charset="utf-8">
    <title>My page</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <p>Here is the content of my page!</p>
  </body>
</html>
```

# Deploy your page

- Choose Settings in your GitHub menu
- Under **GitHub Pages** choose the branch and the folder to serve the page from:
  - main
  - root
- Click **Save**
- Soon GitHub will deploy your page at `https://<username>.github.io/<repo-name>`

# Review settings

We put our slides on GitHub pages:

## GitHub Pages

GitHub Pages is designed to host your personal, organization, or project pages from a GitHub repository.

✓ Your site is published at <https://cat-training-2020.github.io/>

### Source

Your GitHub Pages site is currently being built from the main branch. [Learn more.](#)

🔗 Branch: main ▾

📁 / (root) ▾

Save

### Theme Chooser

Select a theme to publish your site with a Jekyll theme. [Learn more.](#)

Choose a theme

### Custom domain

Custom domains allow you to serve your site from a domain other than `cat-training-2020.github.io`. [Learn more.](#)

Save

### Enforce HTTPS

— Required for your site because you are using the default domain (`cat-training-2020.github.io`)

HTTPS provides a layer of encryption that prevents others from snooping on or tampering with traffic to your site. When HTTPS is enforced, your site will only be served over HTTPS. [Learn more.](#)

# View your page

- Visit the url
- You will see:  
**Here is the content of my page!**
- To start with more functionality, use a framework like **Jekyll**
- Read more here: <https://docs.github.com/en/free-pro-team@latest/github/working-with-github-pages>

# Merge Conflicts

When two branches can't be combined safely

# Overview

1. Create two **incompatible commits**
  - One locally
  - One on GitHub
2. **Pull** the remote change (from GitHub)
3. **Resolve** the resulting conflict

# **1. Create two commits**

Changing the same line but with different content

# Edit a file locally

- Open "README.md" and change the last line

```
# cs4hs

## Test project

This is a project used to experiment with Git and GitHub.

This is some important information about the project.
```

- Make it read "important information"
- Commit the result

# Edit a file remotely

- Visit your repository on GitHub
- Click the **pencil icon** on README.md

```
# cs4hs

## Test project

This is a project used to experiment with Git and GitHub.

This is some unimportant information about the project.
```

- Make it read "unimportant information"
- Enter a commit message
- Click **Commit changes**

# 2. Pull the remote change

Try (and fail) to combine the two branches

# Fetch changes

- **Right-click** the **Push 1** button
- Click **Fetch**
  - This retrieves the new commits
- Click **Pull 1**
  - This attempts to merge the changes
- You should hit **Merge conflicts**

# **3. Resolve the conflict**

Indicate how the two changes should be combined

# Choose a version

- The two different versions are coloured
- Click **Use me** for the version that is "correct"
- You can edit the text if neither one is right

```
# cs4hs

## Test project

This is a project used to experiment with Git and GitHub.

This is some potentially important information about the project.
```

- Remember to save the file when finished

```
1 # git-test
2
3 ## Test project
4
5 This is a project used to experiment with Git and GitHub.
6
7 <<<<<<< HEAD
8 This is some important information about the project.
9 =====
10 This is some unimportant information about the project.
11 >>>>>> 14a03e2ef5af11df53866efad98f98416c84d8f5
12
```

Use me our changes

Use me their changes

**Merge conflicts**

Your local changes conflicted with changes made on the remote branch. Resolve the conflicts with the Git panel and commit to continue.

**Merge Conflicts**

- README.md  
1 conflict remaining

**Staged Changes**

No changes

See All Staged Changes

Merge branch 'main' of https://git.rjb-dev/git-test into main

Abort Merge **Commit to main**

- Add info
- Merge pull request #2 from rjb-dev/feature
- New feature**

# Commit the result

- Stage the file
- Click **Commit to main**
- The conflict is resolved locally

# Share the result

- We still need to push the resolution
- Click **Push 2**
- Now everything is back in sync

# Review

1. Created two **incompatible commits**
2. **Pulled** to combine the two
  - Encountered a merge conflict
3. **Resolved** the conflict

# Questions?

# Command Line

Using the Git program from the terminal

# Open a Terminal

- This depends on your Operating System
  - Windows: Git Bash
  - macOS: Terminal
  - Linux: Terminal

# Using the Terminal

- Quick command line how-to

# The Git Command

- The **git** command (lower case) runs Git
- Enter **git --version** to see whether it works

# Configuring Git

- `git config core.editor "atom --wait"`
- `git config user.name "Rebecca Blundell"`
- `git config user.email "rebeccablundell@catalyst.net.nz"`

# Cloning a project

- `git clone <url>`
- `cd cs4hs`
- `git status`

# Making commits

- `atom README.md`
- `git status`
- `git add README.md`
- `git commit -m "message goes here"`

# Reviewing history

- `git log`
- `git show`
- `git show <commit>`

# Fixing commits

- `git reset <commit>`
- `git reset --hard <commit>`
- `git add`
- `git commit`

# Branching

- `git branch`
- `git branch <name>`
- `git checkout <name>`

# Questions?

# Some Git terms

- **Repo:** Repository, your git project
- **Clone:** Copy a repo
- **Remote:** The remote or cloud computer
- **Local:** Your computer
- **Fork:** Make changes to a copied repo
- **Rebase:** Similar to **Merge** - combine changes

# More git terms

- **Feature:** Branch dedicated to specific feature
- **Pull Request/Merge Request:** Ask to combine your changes into a someone else's remote repo
- **Squash:** Combining many commits into one
- **Hotfix:** Branch dedicated to a single bug
- **CI:** Testing new commits automatically
- Others?

# Thanks!

- Evan Giles & Rebecca Blundell
- [evanh@catalyst.net.nz](mailto:evanh@catalyst.net.nz)
- [rebeccablundell@catalyst.net.nz](mailto:rebeccablundell@catalyst.net.nz)
- Slides will be emailed out
- Don't hesitate to contact us!

*freedom to innovate*