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COMP102: Test 2: Part B Model Solutions

13 Sept, 2006

Instructions

- Time allowed: 30 minutes .
- There are 30 marks in total.
- Write your answers in the boxes in this test paper and hand in all sheets.
- If you think some question is unclear, ask for clarification.
- There is some Java documentation at the end of the test paper.
- Test 2 (this part plus the previous part) will contribute 20% of your final grade, if it helps your grade.
- Non-electronic translation dictionaries and calculators without a full set of alphabet keys are permitted.

Questions		Marks	
1.	Understanding Programs	[18]	
2.	Debugging Conditionals	[12]	
3.	Challenge (Optional)	[2 bonus]	
		Total:	

Question 1. Understanding Programs

[18 marks]

(a) [3 marks] What will the following fragment of Java print out?

```
double a = 1.23;
double b = a * 2;
System.out.println(a + " = " + b);

if ( b > 2){
    a = b + 1.0;
    b = a;
}
else{
    b = a - 5.0;
    a = b;
}
System.out.printf("a = %.1f; b = %.1f\n", a, b);
```

```
1.23 = 2.46
a = 3.5; b = 3.5
```

(b) [4 marks] Consider the following drawShape method. Assume that canvas is a field containing a DrawingCanvas object.

```
public void drawShape(int n){
    this.canvas.setForeground(Color.red);
    if (n>=4 && n == 5)
        this.canvas.setForeground(Color.green);
    if (n == 2 || n > 7)
        this.canvas.setForeground(Color.blue);
    this.canvas.fillRect (10,10,100,100);
}
```

(i) [2 marks] What colour rectangle will be drawn if drawShape(5) is called?

```
green
[n satisfies both of the conditions of the first if]
```

(ii) [2 marks] What colour rectangle will be drawn if drawShape(8) is called?

```
[n satisfies the first condition of the first if, but not the second, and therefore the if fails.

n doesn't satisfy the first condition of the second if, but satisfies the second. Since the condition is an ''or'', the condition is satisfied and the color is changed to blue]
```

(Question 1 continued on next page)

(Question 1 continued)

(c) [4 marks] What will the following fragment of Java print?

```
int k = 1;
while (k < 20){
    k = k * 2;
    System.out.println("k is " + k);
}</pre>
```

```
k is 2
k is 4
k is 8
k is 16
k is 32
[Note that when k is 16, the loop is repeated, but k is then doubled to 32 inside the loop, before k is printed out.]
```

(d) [7 marks] Suppose the file "text.txt" contains the text:

```
After 5 days and 6 nights of 2 long essays every 3 hours, sleep
```

What will the following fragment of Java print?

```
try{
    Scanner ss = new Scanner (new File ("text.txt"));
    String w1 = ss.next();
    while ( ss.hasNextInt( ) ){
        int n = ss.nextInt ();
        String w2 = ss.next( );
        System.out.printf("%s : %d\n", w2, n);
        w1 = ss.next( );
    }
    ss.close( );
    System.out.println("done");
}
catch(Exception e){System.out.println("Error while scanning");}
```

```
days : 5
nights: 6
long: 2
done
[The ''ss.hasNextInt()'' condition is false when the scanner gets to ''every'' so the loop exits.]
```

Question 2. Debugging Conditionals

[12 marks]

The following minmax method is intended to return the maximum or the minimum of three integers. The first parameter (choice) is a string that determines whether the method returns the maximum or the minium; the other parameters (a, b, and c) are the three integers.

The method contains errors.

```
public int minmax(String choice, int a, int b, int c){
    if ( choice.equals("max") ){
        if (a > b || a > c)
           return a;
       else if (b > c)
           return b;
       else if (c > b)
           return c;
    }
    if ( choice.equals("min") ){
        if (a < b) {
            if (a < c)
               return a;
           else
               return c;
       else if (b < a)
            if (a < c)
               return b;
           else
               return c;
        }
   return Integer.MIN_VALUE; // (Integer.MIN_VALUE is -2137483648)
}
```

(Question 2 continued)

(a) [8 marks] For each of the following calls to minmax, state what value the method will return:

```
minmax("max", 4, 5, 6) \Rightarrow 6

minmax("max", 5, 6, 4) \Rightarrow 5

minmax("min", 6, 4, 5) \Rightarrow 5

minmax("min", 6, 6, 4) \Rightarrow -2147483648
```

(b) [4 marks] Show two further calls to minmax using arguments from $\{4, 5, 6\}$, one that returns the correct answer and one that returns an incorrect answer.

```
any one of:
minmax("max", 4, 6, 5), minmax("min", 4, 5, 6),
minmax("max", 6, 4, 5), minmax("min", 4, 6, 5), minmax("max", 6, 5, 4), minmax("min", 5, 4, 6),
minmax("max", 4, 4, 6), minmax("min", 5, 6, 4),
minmax("max", 6, 6, 4), minmax("min", 6, 5, 4),
minmax("max", 4, 6, 4), minmax("min", 4, 6, 4),
minmax("max", 6, 4, 6), minmax("min", 4, 6, 6), minmax("max", 6, 4, 4), minmax("min", 6, 4, 4)
minmax("max", 6, 4,
                        4)
Incorrect: any of
minmax("max", 4, 6, 6), minmax("min", 4, 4, 6),
minmax("max", 5, 5, 5), minmax("min", 6, 4, 6),
minmax("max", 5, 4, 6), minmax("min", 5, 5, 5)
  minmax("max", x, y, z) is incorrect if
  y < x < z or z < x < y or x \le y = z
  minmax("min", x, y, z) is incorrect if
   x = y or y < z \le x
```

Question 3. Challenge

[0 marks]

(Optional, but may be worth 2 bonus marks).

Consider the following large method:

```
public int large(int row, int col){
   if (row == 0)
      return col+1;
   if (col == 0)
      return large(row-1, 1);
   int temp = large(row, col-1);
   return large(row-1, temp);
}
```

What will large(2,7) return? Show your working

```
Run it and see!
```

What will large(4,1) return? Show your working

```
Run it and see! (it's over 64,000)
```
