

EXAMINATIONS — 2011

MID-TRIMESTER TEST

SWEN 102 Introduction to Software Modelling

Time Allowed: 50 minutes

Instructions: There are 50 possible marks on the exam.

Answer all questions in the boxes provided.

Every box requires an answer.

Some example Alloy code is provided on the last page. Non-electronic foreign language dictionaries are allowed.

Calculators ARE NOT ALLOWED. No other reference material is allowed.

Question	Topic	Marks
1.	Alloy I	25
2.	Alloy II	25
	Total	50

SWEN 102 continued...

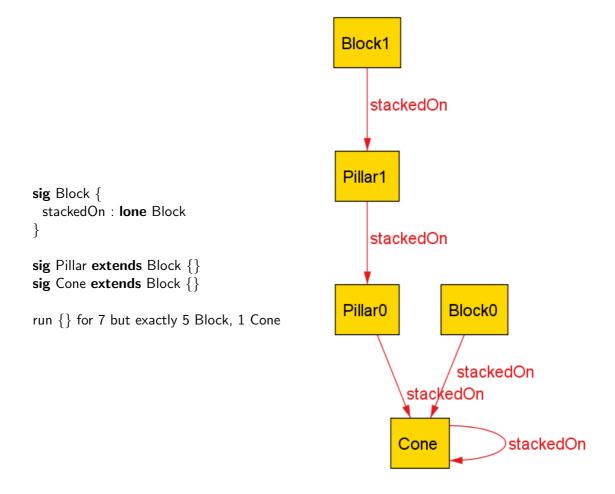
Question 1. Alloy I

[25 marks]

Consider the following description of *blocks*:

"Blocks are 3-dimensional objects which can be *stacked* on top of each other. There are two kinds of block: *pillars* and *cones*. A block can be stacked on at most one block, and can be under at most one block. No block can be stacked upon a cone and no block can be stacked upon itself."

An *incorrect* Alloy model of the blocks system and an *object diagram* of that model are given below:



The above object diagram was generated using the given run command.

Student ID:
(Question 1 continued)
(a) [5 marks] Evaluate each of the following Alloy expressions on the object diagram given on the previous page:
Pillar\$1.stackedOn
${\tt Pillar\$0.} \sim {\tt stacked0n}$
Pillar\$1.stackedOn + Pillar\$0.stackedOn
Pillar\$1.*stackedOn
(b) [8 marks] Identify four distinct ways in which the Alloy model given is <i>inconsistent</i> with the description given for blocks.
1)
2)
3)
4)

(Question	n 1 continued)	
(c) [12 mar to the Allo	rks] For each problem identified in (b) , indicate what changes you would many model to fix it and give Alloy code to illustrate .	ıke
1)		
2)		
3)		
4)		

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SPARE PAGE FOR EXTRA ANSWERS

Cross out rough working that you do not want marked. Specify the question number for work that you do want marked.

Question 2. Alloy II

[25 marks]

Consider the following simple model for a *library system*:

```
sig string {}
enum Bool { No, Yes }

sig Borrower {
  books : some Book,
  limit : Int
}
sig Book {
  title : string,
  closedReserve : Bool
}
```

(a) [10 marks] Translate each of the following statements into an Alloy fact.

1)	A	borrov	ver's	limit	is a	positive	integer.
-,						F	

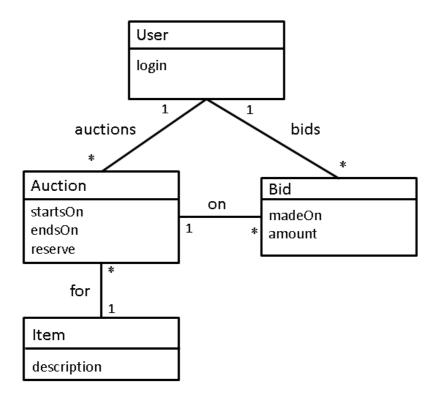
2) A borrower cannot borrow more books than his/her limit.

3) No two books can have the same title.

4) No book can be borrowed by more than one borrower.

5) No book on closed reserve can be borrowed.

Consider the following class diagram for an *auction system*, and the additional rules given below.



- The amount bid on an auction cannot be negative.
- The reserve for an auction cannot be negative.
- An auction cannot end before it has begun.
- A bid must occur between an auction's start and end time.
- A user cannot bid on one of their own auctions.
- A item cannot be in more than one auction at the same time.

Student ID:
b) [15 marks] In the box below, provide an Alloy model for the auction system. You should use Ints to represent times, and you may assume unlimited bit-width.

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SPARE PAGE FOR EXTRA ANSWERS

Cross out rough working that you do not want marked. Specify the question number for work that you do want marked.

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Appendix

Example Alloy code for the Monopoly board is given here for reference.

```
sig Name, Colour {}
abstract sig Building {}{
  some buildings.this
}
sig House extends Building {}
sig Hotel extends Building {}
fact {
  // There can be no more than 32 houses and 12 hotels at one time
  // For simplicity, we lower these values since they're too big for Alloy!
  #House <= 7
  #Hotel <= 2
}
sig Player {}
sig Property {
  name: Name,
  owner: lone Player,
 buildings: set Building,
  colourGroup : one ColourGroup,
}{
 // Up to four houses or one hotel in buildings
 #buildings <= 4</pre>
 some h : Hotel | h in buildings
 all h : Hotel | h in buildings implies #buildings = 1
 // built properties must have an owner
 some buildings implies one owner
}
sig Mortgaged in Property {}{ no buildings }
sig ColourGroup {
colour: Colour,
}{
// Every ColourGroup has a unique colour
 all cg : ColourGroup | cg.@colour = colour implies cg = this
```

```
Student ID: .....
 // ColourGroup Arity
 #~colourGroup >= 2 && #~colourGroup <= 3</pre>
 // You must own a whole ColourGroup in order to build
 all p : this.~colourGroup | (some p.buildings) implies
   (all p' : this.~colourGroup | p.owner = p'.owner)
 // buildings must be equally distributed
 all disj p, p' : this.~colourGroup, h: Hotel |
   (h in p.buildings) implies ((some h' : Hotel | h' in p'.buildings) ||
                               #p'.buildings = 4)
 all disj p, p' : this.~colourGroup |
   (no h : Hotel | h in p.buildings) implies (
   #p.buildings = #p'.buildings ||
   #p.buildings = #p'.buildings + 1 ||
   #p.buildings = #p'.buildings - 1 ||
   (#p.buildings = 4 && some h : Hotel | h in p'.buildings))
}
run {} for 4 but 2 ColourGroup, 8 Building, 6 int, exactly 1 Hotel
```